

The 2012 Conference on Gospel Discernment and Spiritual Tyranny

Group Study Workbook



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TANC 2012

Paul Dohse Session 1 and Introduction to Conference.

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[THE PHILOSOPHY OF INCOMPETENCE]

1 It finally occurred to me after trying to fight this problem of 2 new Calvinism with doctrine that, for almost six years now, it's 3 apparent it's not going any place real quick. So first of all, I'd like 4 to take a look at the fact that everybody functions by philosophy. 5 This is reality. The definition of Philosophy is the study of general 6 and fundamental problems such as those connected with reality, 7 existence, knowledge, values, reason, mind, and language. 8 Philosophy is distinguished from other ways of addressing such 9 problems by its critical, generally systematic approach, and its 10 reliance on rational argument. 11 12 Now everybody functions on philosophy. And in fact, if you don't 13 want to function on a philosophy, you need a philosophy to not 14 function on philosophy. The philosophy of I believe the 15 pronunciation is nihilism or nihilism is the philosophy, and this 16 was very prevalent, prevalent, a very prevalent philosophy just 17 prior to Socrates, which would be sixth, seventh century B.C. 18 Nihilism is the belief that values are baseless and that nothing can 19 be known or communicated. And by the way, this philosophy is 20 making a comeback on our culture right now. So it's the 21 philosophy that you can't know anything. There's no objective 22 truth. But that's a philosophy. So if you don't wanna live by a 23 philosophy, it takes a philosophy to not live by a philosophy. 24 25 Our philosophy of life would determine our life. I want to make 26 this clear: Philosophy determines life. How we think determines 27 what we do. Now the events that Susan will be sharing throughout 28 this conference today are things that happened in her Christian

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experience directly related and are driven by a philosophy that

determines thinking. And thinking leads to things that happen. I'm

very happy that Susan is sharing her experiences and putting with

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32 John will be talking about what I'm talking about. Susan will 33 actually - could fit on how that way of thinking and philosophy 34 plays out in real life and her experiences and her Christian 35 experience, okay? So that's critical. So we're gonna be able to look 36 at the thinking and how people actually experience these things in 37 real life. 38 39 How we think controls us. Our philosophy controls our thinking. 40 And our thinking determines what we do. Nobody but nobody robs 41 a bank because they think they're gonna get caught, all right? So 42 the predominant philosophy affecting the church today is 43 undoubtedly New Calvinism. That's the 2009 issue of Time 44

Magazine, and the theme of that issue is Ten Ideas Changing the

World Right Now. And one of the ten is New Calvinism. In fact, I

46 think it's rated like third out of all the other ideas changing the

world today, and that's a secular magazine. So even the secular

48 world is taking note of Neo Calvinism and the effect it's having on

49 our culture.

out in real life.

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Like most movements, the catalyst for New Calvinism was and is due to the failure of the prior movement that came before it. That's a catalyst for New Calvinism. The philosophy of movements, like all philosophies, eventually renders results to say that prior things start happening. And again, Susan will be sharing how that fleshes

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So what was the prior movement and its failures? What movement preceded New Calvinism and what were the failures that contribute greatly on this New Calvinist, the tsunami that we're experiencing? And Susan and I have talked to pastors, even pastors who are in very important positions, you know, a month having lunch with a

certain guy who is a over a lot of youth camps in the country. This
is exactly what he said. He was drawn in to the New Calvinist
philosophy because of the failures of the prior movement that was
prevalent in the Christian Church.

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Before I come back to that, I'm going to take a quick interlude before I move on. Here's a quick interlude I'd like to take. New Calvinism is a false gospel. I'm going to get into that a little bit more later. And it doesn't matter, like I said, I had a transition of thinking on this. That's been me lately. Is the philosophy stupid? It really is. And let me explain this. Let me explain this.

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75 Another gospel was a book that I decided not to publish. And one 76 of the reasons that I decided not to publish it, and here it is, well 77 over two hundred pages. A lot of pastors said this, "This is a real 78 strong doctrinal argument against the New Calvinism." But in my 79 interaction on my blog and with other people, the doctrinal 80 arguments in here just weren't going anywhere. In our day and age, 81 the problem that we're having is that there's an underlying 82 philosophy that bypasses the doctrinal argument. For years now as 83 a Christian, who has been heavily focused on doctrines especially 84 regarding my contention against New Calvinism, I have seen 85 firsthand attempting and persuading Christians with doctrinal 86 arguments is useless. That book is published online now for free.

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Why is this? Why is it? And that's what where we come to understanding the philosophy of what I call the two gospel waves, the two gospel waves. And this is critical in understanding why this underlying philosophical belief and mentality has to be taken care of before we can start dealing with these problems doctrinally. The two gospel waves are critical in understanding this. The two

- 94 gospel waves cover the last 62 years of Christianity in America.
- 95 The first wave covers 1915 to 1970.

96

97 And here are the elements of the first gospel wave. One, it 98 emphasized salvation with a much lesser emphasis on discipleship 99 and personal holiness. Two, because of the lack of emphasis on in-100 depth discipleship, biblical generalities filled the gap. When there's 101 lack of in-depth discipleship, people were going, "Life still 102 happens irregardless." So people are going to start putting the 103 bandage on things. Right? Three, the Bible was primarily good for 104 the gospel but was not sufficient for solving the deeper problems 105 of life. That's three. Four, one of their favorite mottos was, still is, 106 think about this. "I've said it myself. We are sinners saved by 107 grace," which concedes that Christians still sin as a lifestyle. If you

look up sinner in the dictionary, it's somebody who sins as a

lifestyle. Huge difference between being born again Christians

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112 MAN: Can you go back over number three again, gospel?

who sin versus a sinner saved by grace. Big difference.

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The Bible was primarily good for the gospel but was not sufficient for solving the deeper problems of life.

116

117 MAN: Okay. Good.

- 119 All right? The Bible was preached out of generalities and lived out
- by generalities. Henceforth, we think this is funny in our day, the
- 121 Hillbilly Ten Commandments. Commandment one, ain't but One
- 122 God. Two, honor yer ma and yer pa. Three, no telling tales or
- gossips. And so on and so forth. Ha ha, very funny. This is guy
- right here ought to be the poster child for death and despair in the

- 125 Christian Church. And again, Susan's going to share with us why
 126 that is in her experiences and what she experienced.
 127
- 128 So things like this are favorite truisms in the first gospel wave.
- 129 And there's an overlapping between the first gospel wave and the
- second gospel wave. But sixth, theology nor doctrine is taught in
- the local churches. Theology nor doctrine is taught in the local
- churches. And going back to the Hillbilly Ten Commandments,
- 133 counseling looks something like this. So you have problems in
- 134 your marriage? Well, we have next [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:14:45
- commandment number five, ain't nothing come before the Lord.
- Now you remember that and get up on out of here. You'll be fine.
- 137 And we'll pray for you.

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- Now seven, traditionally, though parishioners desire educated
- pastors, it is a sin that the pastors will not teach what they've
- learned in seminary to the congregations. And I've seen this all my
- 142 Christian life. Pastors don't teach what they learned in seminary to
- their congregants. But yet, congregants rarely dream of accepting a
- pastor into their leading their church without being educated.
- Eight, in contradiction to Matthew 28:19, a strong emphasis on
- bringing people to the church to hear the gospel rather than going
- out to preach the gospel. This tradition illustrates the assumed
- incompetence of parishioners to present the gospel. And my point
- 150 of the first gospel wave is this. Underlying what happened and
- what the first gospel wave looks like is this underlying philosophy
- that of incompetence, that man is incompetent, that Christians are
- incompetent.
- 155 MAN: Can we go back to number five? I totally missed that.

156 157 Oh, five is favorite truisms are things such as the Hillbilly Ten 158 Commandments. All right? 159 160 What is more representative of living by biblical generalities? We 161 don't need any in-depth study into the deeper meanings of how the 162 Ten Commandments apply to life and how we learn from that, and 163 as Jesus said, "Put it into practice," thus forth changing our lives 164 and the world saying that and glorifying God the Father, we don't 165 need to get into all that deep stuff. You just remember, honor yer 166 ma and yer pa. Okay? 167 168 Number eight, quit your foul-mouthing. Generalities, all right? 169 Living by biblical generalities. 170 171 Nine, by the latter '60s, the philosophy of the first gospel wave was 172 causing bad things to happen, and people started looking for 173 something else. Again, Susan is going to have a lot to say how she 174 experienced these things. 175 176 The second gospel wave was born in 1970 and continues to present 177 day as the embodiment of New Calvinism. So New Calvinism is 178 the embodiment of the second gospel wave, and that began in 179 1970. But don't forget my major point about the first gospel wave. 180 If you look at those elements, underlining these elements is an 181 assumed incompetence on the part of parishioners. 182 183 Please don't miss this. It's probably the major point of the first 184 gospel wave. Right now, on this day, the reason we cannot 185 persuade Christians by doctrine is because Christians en masse 186 have conceded the fact that they can't understand doctrine.

Underlying the first gospel wave was an assumption of incompetence on the part of parishioners in general. So one, under second gospel wave, which is what I'm gonna go over now, it not only emphasizes salvation over discipleship like the first gospel wave does, it goes much further than that. It teaches justification and sanctification are the same thing. So the first gospel wave said what's important is getting people saved because sinners are going to be sinners. There's only so much you can do with their lives. Yeah, there's a select few that come to this higher evolution of obeying God, and they actually called that disciple -there was a big movement in this first gospel wave where there two classes of Christians, the saved and the disciples, right? So the second gospel wave involving the New Calvinism it says, "Ah, not only is discipleship not important, there isn't any such

So the second gospel wave involving the New Calvinism it says,
"Ah, not only is discipleship not important, there isn't any such
thing. Everything is about the gospel." Though they deny this,
though they deny this, listen to their very own mottos. Listen
carefully. "The same gospel that saved us also sanctifies us."
Right? How about this one? "We must preach the gospel to
ourselves every day." These are their words, not mine.

Secondly, the Bible is presented as a gospel narrative that only serves to give believers a deeper and deeper knowledge of the same gospel that saved them. Like the first wave, using the Bible for instruction and righteousness is horrendously devalued. But the second wave goes beyond that and denies the Bible to be used for discipleship at all. Now they wouldn't come right out admit this. But if you pay close attention, it's what comes out in the watch. And in private conversations with New Calvinist pastors, they've told me that pointblank. You

218 study the Bible for purposes of learning what it says and applying 219 it to our life. They even have a name for it: biblicism. 220 221 The transition between the two gospel waves. Living by biblical 222 generalities was presented to the victims of the first gospel wave as 223 legalism by proponents of the second gospel wave, and offered an 224 alternative to supposedly living by dos and don'ts and living by 225 lists. Guilty as charged, all right? But again biblical generalities 226 replaced in-depth discipleship and in-depth study of the Word of 227 God for purposes of applying it to life's deepest problems. Because 228 of the lack of doctrinal education and the dumbing down of 229 parishioners en masse during the first gospel wave, Christians were 230 absolutely helpless in seeing through the deceptions of the second 231 wave. 232 233 Now nobody denies that Christians in our day are dumbed down. 234 Susan and I have talked to hundreds of people in regard to studying 235 New Calvinism. And Susan, how many people have we met, 236 Christians that know the difference between justification and 237 sanctification? 238 239 SUSAN: Very few. 240 241 I don't remember any. Pastors have called us in regard to this 242 conference. At least one pastor I talked to didn't even know the 243 difference. A pastor! Look, if you don't know the fundamental 244 doctrinal difference between justification and sanctification, you 245 can't understand the book of Galatians. 246 247 So Christianity was perfectly primed for the second wave, helpless 248 against it because of the gross overemphasis on gospel that was

indicative of the first wave. These two movements share that in common. The core philosophy that drives both of these movements is a philosophy, doctrine if you will, of humanity's incompetence. This is the philosophy that resides deep in the psyche of western culture. This philosophy varies in scope and from secular to the spiritual but certainly in American culture. Though this philosophy is passively accepted in the secular realm, it is most definitely the idea that rules the day in American churches. Again, you can't contend against false doctrine with doctrine because American parishioners have conceded that they don't understand doctrine and can't understand doctrine, and they aren't the least bit shamed of it. And in fact, it's a badge of honor. And I'm sure anybody would agree that if you read the Apostle Paul in the New Testament where he emphasizes "the apostle's doctrine" and holding his exhortations to Timothy about holding a sound doctrine, if the average American parishioner has conceded to the fact and happily said that they don't understand doctrine, are we not in big trouble?

Blatant examples display themselves in the politics of communism and socialism with things like Rush Limbaugh fight. Ironically, like the secular academic example, most American Christians will not accept this philosophy in the political arena. A dichotomy is made between the secular and spiritual. This is indicative of the dualism that comes from the ancient philosophies that spun this doctrine. Evil matter is fair game for the spiritually incompetent while understanding deep spiritual matters is a dangerous stunt that shouldn't be tried at home.

Furthermore, many embrace this concept eagerly thinking that natural incompetence, and I think this is one of the motives, that natural incompetence in spiritual matters supersedes responsibility before God. Right? If I can't understand spiritual things and I can't understand doctrine, when I stand before the Lord, I can blame it on the pastor. I think that goes a long way.

MAN: Say that sentence again, "Natural incompetence with the responsibility..."

Furthermore, many embrace this concept eagerly, thinking that natural incompetence in spiritual matters supersedes responsibility before God. There's no doubt in my own mind that's a big part of this. I've had congregants tell me in no uncertain words that, "Hey, I'm following the elders. I'm doing my duty by following. I don't understand the deep theological stuff. I don't understand half of what that pastor says. But you know what? I'm following and obeying them per Hebrews 13:17. And you know what? When I stand before the Lord, if they've done anything wrong, that's going to be on them. I'm not culpable." I have them say that to me.

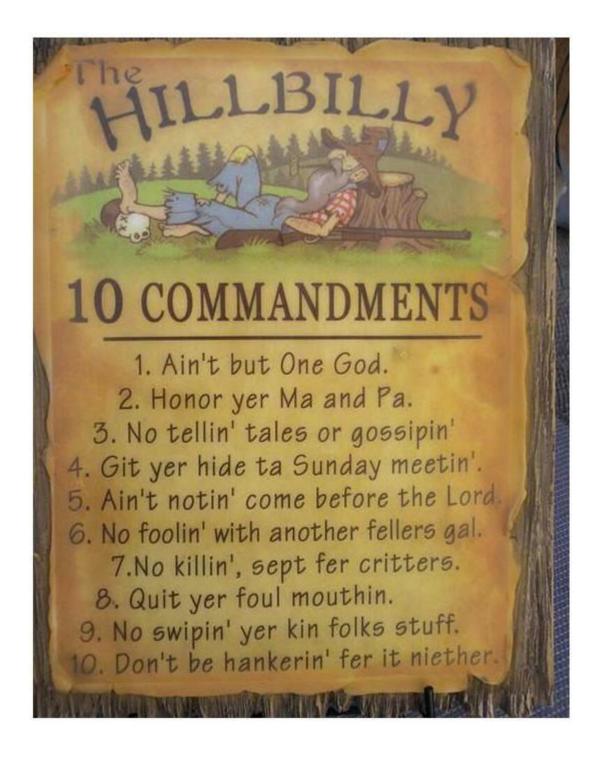
297 Anybody here buy that?

Let me wrap up my first session. I don't think I did too bad on time. This is not God's view of parishioners. It's not even God's view of lost people. Let me illustrate. First of all, listen to the Apostle Paul on Romans 15:14. Paul says, "I myself am satisfied about you, my brothers, that you yourselves are full of goodness and filled with all knowledge and able to instruct one another. Let me read that again. The Apostle Paul speaking to the Romans, "I myself am satisfied about you, my brothers," speaking generally to the Christians in Rome, "that you yourselves are A, full of goodness, filled with all knowledge and able to instruct one another."

311 MAN: Now where is that? Romans...? 312 313 Romans 15:14. Filled with all what? What? Knowledge. Okay? 314 Acts 17:11, do you know it? Now these Jews were more noble. 315 The Holy Spirit calls them noble. Why does he call them noble? 316 Because they shine to the light of their own ability to interpret 317 Scriptures with what an apostle was teaching. And the Holy Spirit 318 called them noble for this. And this is okay because this will be 319 repeated in the introduction to my next session. So that's Acts 17. 320 321 Now let me close with this last verse in Genesis. They chose God's 322 attitude towards the competence of lost people in my book. 323 Genesis 11:6-7. This is the story of the Tower of Babel, Genesis 324 11. "And the Lord said, 'Behold they are one people, and they have 325 all one language. And this is only the beginning of what they will 326 do and nothing that they proposed to do will now be impossible for 327 them." It doesn't sound like an attitude of incompetence to me. 328 Even the Lord God said of these vile, wicked sinners that if we 329 don't go down there and mess up their language, they're not limited 330 to anything. This underlying view of the incompetence of man is 331 not shared by God for the lost or the saved. 332 333 And I'm not going to make a big theological issue of anything or 334 make a lot hang on this. But you know, when the serpent came to 335 Eve in the Garden, there's this underlying approach that she was 336 incapable of knowing what God really said, right? The serpent 337 said, "Hey, I'm the expert on what God says here. You're just Eve. 338 Come on. 'Cause God really said - in fact, I've got this higher 339 knowledge that God's trying to keep from you. And I'm the expert 340 on that. So listen to me." Wow, that is so indicative of what I think

are ancient philosophies. That's the underlying crux of where we are today in all this. With that, I'm going to wrap up my first session. And Susan can come up next and present her part of this. And thanks for your attention. [END OF TRANSCRIPT]





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Susan Dohse Session 1

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[THE FIRST GOSPEL WAVE]

1 SUSAN 1 2 3 4 ... 1952 the same year the infamous evangelist, Billy Graham, 5 concentrated full time on preaching. He helped to bind together a 6 vulnerable nation through religious revival. Many believe that his 7 success was directly related to the cultural climate of post World War II. 8 He spoke out against communism. In 1954 Graham stated that either 9 Communism must die or Christianity must die because it is actually a 10 battle between Christ and the anti-Christ. 11 12 With the advent of nuclear weapons and the demonstrated fragility of life, 13 people turned to spirituality for comfort. And Graham illuminated their 14 path. He helped to bind together a vulnerable nation through religious 15 revival. By glazing over the finer points of Christianity and focusing on 16 more moderate doctrines, he made evangelism enticing, non-threatening, 17 and easy to swallow, and in a lot of ways gave definition to easy 18 believism. His mission to present the gospel and get people say they're on 19 their way to heaven permeated the focus of many fundamental churches, particularly the Southern Baptist denomination with which Billy Graham 20 21 was associated. 22 23 As a result of the success of Billy Graham, many other evangelists and 24 pastors adopted and adopted his mode of operation in order to bring in 25 the sheep. This is often referred to as the first gospel wave that swept 26 over America in the '50s and continued on into the early '70s. People, 27 please, do not misunderstand my remarks. The biographical remarks 28 were taken from an article written of Billy Graham. We all believed that 29 people were genuinely saved as a result of the ministry of Billy Graham. 30 But I want to also say that many thought they were saved as a result of 31 his ministry as well.

33 Here's the dilemma his type of evangelism created: A, genuine salvation 34 experiences occurred, and B, professions of salvation made but no 35 outward change in living their lifestyle, and C, lack of assurance of 36 salvation as a result of poor follow up in discipleship. In my neck of the 37 woods, the at least he is saved mentality, which the Billy Graham 38 Association innocently created, helped people rationalize sinful lifestyles, 39 making valid emotional experiences and equate them with regeneration, 40 and issued fire insurance policies, the fire insurance policy mentality 41 amongst churchgoing people. Just say the sinner's prayer, and you're 42 guaranteed a home in heaven. 43 I was born and reared at the mouth of a holler called Owl's Branch 44 45 [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:03:06 in Dorton, Kentucky. After World War II, my 46 father attended Berea College, majoring in Science, and returning to the 47 high school from which he graduated to teach Chemistry, Biology, Physics, and coach basketball. Living in Appalachia, we were surrounded 48 49 by a culture much like the one you would find in a foreign country. We 50 were isolated from big city influences and big city opportunities. Full of 51 traditions, superstitions, and a different way of thinking permeated the 52 area. 53 54 It is easy to see how this culture and way of thinking and living evolved 55 into what my dad called the hillbilly mentality. My dad's definition of 56 hillbilly mentality was this: A, you follow the loudest and most 57 intimidating leader, whether right or wrong. B, education is not 58 important; ridicule those who want to pursue higher learning. C, make 59 the most money you can by honest or dishonest means, whichever may 60 work for you. And D, entitlement. If you have money, you are entitled to 61 special consideration. If you did not have money, you were entitled to 62 special consideration. 63 64 Religion was and still is important in that area. The old regular Baptist 65 was the primary established church. An occasional Methodist could be

66 seen. And hark, in the big towns of Jenkins and Pikeville, there were 67 Catholic churches. But my parents and paternal grandparents broke 68 away from the mold and supported a mission established by the 69 Christian and Missionary Alliance called the Beefhide Gospel Mission. My 70 dad told our family that we were not going to be a part of the 71 shenanigans that went on in the regular Baptist churches. My 72 understanding of Baptist church shenanigans was singing every song to 73 the tune of Amazing Grace, exuberant yelling, walking the aisle to get 74 saved, long hair on women, baptismal regeneration, snake handling, the 75 laying on of hands, and preachers who foamed at the mouth. 76 77 So I agreed with my dad and thought it was a good idea to stay away 78 from those shenanigans, especially the snake part. The Christian and 79 Missionary Alliance commissioned Margaret Wearley as well as other 80 men and women missionaries to come to Eastern Kentucky and present 81 the gospel to the hill folk and establish bible-teaching churches. Besides 82 the chapel they organized, they ran a camp called Camp Begomi, B-E for 83 Beefhide, G-O for gospel, and M-I for mission. It was every child and 84 young person's delight from all over Eastern Kentucky to spend a week 85 there. Good food, games, swimming, crafts, bible-teaching, and 86 tabernacle evangelistic services every evening to present the gospel and 87 to get children saved and on the way to heaven. 88 89 The difference from other evangelical endeavors in the manner of the 90 established regular Baptist churches was that these men and women 91 attempted to educate their children in the Bible after we returned home 92 from camp. Sunday school with the glorious flannelgraph stories, 93 vacation bible school with the bible lesson and missionary story, arts and 94 crafts, and my very favorite, pioneer girls. The year I remember so 95 distinctly was the year my dear friend, Sandy, this is hard because 96 Sandy passed away at the camp. She was eight. Because I was seven, I 97 had to wait an entire year. She walked forward during one of those 98 evangelistic meetings, got saved, and came home and told me about it. I

99 told her that I wanted to get saved too. And her answer, "You can't. You have to go to camp to get saved." Well, that didn't sit too well with me. 100 101 And I got upset and I went home, knelt by my bed and prayed my version 102 of the sinner's Prayer. I don't know how to get saved, but I wanna be 103 saved. So save me. I went back to my friend, Sandy, told her what I've 104 done, and she matter of factly told me that I wasn't really saved yet. 105 106 What a long year it was until the next June. I was ready and waiting for the Camp Begomi bus at seven a.m. and was the first person down the 107 108 aisle to get saved the first night of evangelistic meetings. When the 109 counselor talked to me about why I came forward, I told her that I 110 wanted to make sure I had done it right. Well, praise the Lord. There is a 111 new name written down in glory, and it's mine. 112 113 Well, I drove my brothers crazy. During the summer, our coal house was empty so I converted it into a tabernacle. I made a podium with benches 114 115 for my dolls. I preached salvation to them in a variety of ways. I covered my dad's tools with signs. Sow god into your heart. Hammer Satan out of 116 117 your life. And the creek was real handy for baptismal services. My parents were concerned that I would end up in Africa as a missionary. 118 119 I attended camp for ten straight years. For six of those ten years, I went 120 121 forward with tears, sincerely wanting to make sure I was doing the 122 salvation thing right. Those blessed missionaries failed in a basic point of discipling me, the teaching of doctrine. First of all, the doctrine of 123 justification, the doctrine of soteriology, which is the doctrine of 124 125 salvation, which includes assurance of salvation, the doctrine of 126 sanctification, and the how to live not just a saved life but a sanctified 127 one. 128 129 When I was 14 we moved to the ends of the earth. Actually, to the other 130 end of the state, Louisville, where my father took a teaching position at 131 Seneca High School, the largest school in the state. My graduating class

132 was 588. I attended a series of revival meetings with a friend. And the first night, the evangelist said, "If you can't remember the date you got 133 134 saved and have it written down in the front cover of your Bible, you are 135 not really saved. Because salvation is such a memorial event, you will 136 remember the time, date, month, and year." Well, it was as if I've been hit 137 by a bolt of lightning, and I began to cry. My friend asked me what was 138 wrong. And I told her I thought I don't think I'm saved. I remember 139 kneeling by my bed, but Lord, what was the date? Was it in June? Was it 140 July? Sandy came back from camp on a Saturday. Was it a Saturday 141 that I knelt by my bed? All this time Lord, if I would have died, I would 142 have gone to hell. So guess what I did again? Walked the aisle, knelt, and prayed the sinner's prayer just to make sure. Thank you, Lord, for saving 143 144 my soul. Again. I wrote the date of that salvation event now. 145 146 What's wrong with this picture? The first evangelical wave, evangelistic wave, preached the gospel. Go forward. Fill out a response card. Walk the 147 148 Romans Road. Pray the sinner's prayer like a tsunami. And I was part of 149 that spiritual damage left on the shore. How many other people were feeling the same as I? Getting people saved and on the gospel express to 150 151 heaven, repeating the sinner's prayer, walking the aisle, writing down the 152 date on the cover of your Bible, read your Bible, pray every day, and 153 you'll grow, grow, grow. Now what? Where was I supposed to go from 154 here? This was a form of spiritual insanity. 155 156 I returned to camp as a counselor that summer after this new birth experience, and was asked by Ms. Wearley to give my testimony. Well, I 157 158 stood up in the tabernacle and gave my testimony of how I was saved at 159 the age of 14 on such and such date. After the service was over, Ms. 160 Wearley asked to speak with me in her cabin. I was scared to death. That 161 woman was to be feared. It was there in her cabin that she asked me 162 where I had gotten the notion that I had just recently been converted. 163 Well, the story came out. And it was then she explained to me about 164 justification and assurance of salvation. On my walk back to my cabin, I

165 remember saying, "Lord, why wasn't I taught that seven years ago? Then all of the grief and heartache I had experienced over the years would 166 never have occurred." I had kept returning to the cross, preaching the 167 168 gospel to myself, reliving the salvation experience frequently, and had 169 missed the peace and joy of assurance of salvation, kingdom living, and 170 abundant life in Christ. I was one of those caught in that first evangelical 171 wave and floundering because I lacked biblical education and doctrine. 172 173 A family who lived next door to us back in the hills was the Wright 174 family. They were the wrong family to be friends with. We children always thought that Mrs. Wright was possessed because of how she acted when 175 176 we came on their property uninvited. Her seven children were meaner 177 than junkyard dogs. Henry pushed my brother, David, off a culvert and 178 almost broke his back. Henry stole my father's entire paycheck. And the 179 twins, Debbie [SOUNDS LIKE] and Tiny [SOUNDS LIKE], pushed me off a cliff. But the oldest son, Lovell, was the one everyone gave space. He was 180 the purest definition of hillbilly mentality. He was loud, intimidating, he 181 quit school at sixteen, ridiculed those who pursued education, and he 182 had a definite attitude of entitlement. Oh, he had walked forward at the 183 old regular Baptist church his parents were members of. He was 184 185 baptized, and he was on his way to heaven. 186 Well, Lovell moved to Detroit, and it wasn't long before the news got back 187 188 to the family that Lovell will be coming home. In a casket. He was caught stealing a car, drove down a dead end alley, ran from the police, and was 189 190 shot when he didn't stop when asked. Back then funerals were held in 191 homes. The living room of the Wright's house was turned into a funeral 192 parlor. Red velvet curtains were mounted behind the casket. And then 193 the casket rested on a black and gold stand, and electric candle lobbers 194 stood at the head of [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:14:39 and it give the room this eerie red glow. All of the smell of flowers mixed with cigarette smoke 195 196 and it created a sicky sweet smell. It made it almost impossible to stay in

the room for very long. Well, the old regular Baptist preacher stood by

198 the casket and he preached his heart out. He foamed at the mouth. He spit into his handkerchief. He mopped the sweat off of his brow as he 199 200 continued for over an hour expounding upon the goodness of Brother 201 Lovell, how he was resting in the bosom of Abraham. In the background, 202 Mrs. Wright was wailing and trying to climb into the casket to be buried 203 with her son. 204 205 Lovell stayed in the living room of the Wright's home for three days before 206 he was laid to rest in the family cemetery at the head of Belcher Holler. 207 The older women of the church sat together in the amen corner, amening 208 the pastor, waving their fans that have been provided by the funeral 209 home as briskly [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:15:36 as they could. And I heard one 210 elder woman turn to another and say, "Well, Mrs. Coleman, [SOUNDS 211 LIKE] at least, he was saved." 212 213 The next day my dad and I went on an errand. And I asked daddy why 214 the preacher lied. "Lied? Lied about what, honey?" he asked. "Well, he 215 lied when talked about Lovell. He said Lovell was a good boy and that he 216 loved his parents and did good things for people. Well, Lovell hurt us, 217 and he cussed his parents out all the time. He stole from people. And the 218 preacher said he would be waiting for his mother in the bosom of 219 Abraham." I know that my dad tried hard not to laugh because it took 220 him a while before an answer. "Well, Susan, a preacher sometimes have 221 to say things to comfort the family. Wouldn't it have been comforting to 222 tell the parents that Lovell was burning in hell because he was a sinful, 223 rebellious son?" "He still shouldn't have lied, Daddy." That was my final 224 answer. 225 226 "Mrs. Coleman said, At least, he was saved. Can a person be a little bit 227 saved and still go to heaven?" I asked. "Honey, there are all kinds of 228 opinions on whether Lovell was saved. And God has final say in the 229 matter, not the preacher." I have heard that phrase many times at 230 funerals or when speaking of someone who died. "Well, at least he was

231 saved." So Lovell lived like the devil, but at least he had his fire 232 insurance policy, made effective because he walked the aisle, said the 233 sinner's prayer, and was baptized in the Big Sandy River. But I will have 234 to agree with my dad. Only God really knows if Lovell was genuinely 235 saved or not and resting in the bosom of Abraham. At my funeral, I hope 236 more will be said about me than "at least, she was saved." 237 238 The problem of the '50s and the '70s, that first evangelical wave, was an 239 overemphasis on evangelism and little or no emphasis on discipleship, 240 doctrine, and kingdom living. The damage left behind as a result of this 241 séance [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:17:58 decade, in doing research for this 242 conference, I ran across many comments and answer to the question 243 why people no longer go to church or associate with an established church. Overwhelmingly, the answer was the church has no answers 244 245 other than, "Go home and pray about it." The exodus of young people from the church when they leave home for college was and still is 246 astounding. People leaving the church because there are no answers 247 there. We are not teaching how to discern man's ideas from God's truth. 248 We're not counseling from God's word to give answers to life's problems. 249 250 Church is no longer relevant in this contemporary age. Church is for 251 children. These are reasons given by people who don't want to give 252 Christianity a nod of their head. When I was a child, I spoke as a child 253 and thought as a child. And when I became a man, I put away childish 254 things--the Elmer Gantry answer when asked why he fell from grace as a 255 tent evangelist. 256 257 What I want you to take from my first talk, when leading a person to 258 Christ, whether we use the Romans Road, the ABC's of salvation or other 259 effective plans, please take the time to explain what happens in the 260 salvation experience. We get so eager to get the decision that helping the 261 person understand his decision is put on the backburner. Salvation is 262 more than one asking Jesus to come into his heart. It's agreeing to the 263 facts of the gospel. It is repentance. It is trusting Christ and his atoning

264 work. These facts are what the gospel says about the spiritual need of mankind. God's gracious provision of salvation in Christ and what the 265 sinner must do to be saved. It is to acknowledge the truthfulness of these 266 267 facts rather than just being an emotional leap into some undefined 268 experience. Salvational faith embraces what God says in his word about 269 Jesus and his atoning work. The presentation of these facts should be 270 accompanied with explanation so that they may be more meaningful to 271 the unsaved heart. 272 273 Repentance. Repentance is a change of mind and attitude toward God 274 and the things of which the gospel seeks. This change in mind and 275 attitude is brought about by God. Without repentance, there is no 276 salvation. 277 278 Trusting in Christ and his atoning work is more than a general faith in 279 God or Jesus. The devils believe and they tremble. This is to place one's 280 complete trust in Jesus and his atoning work for the specific purpose of 281 being delivered from sin and receiving God's gift to spiritual life. It is here 282 that many miss salvation, thinking that they are saved by some physical 283 action like the raising of a hand or walking an aisle. Depending upon an 284 emotional experience, they fail to trust Jesus' substitutionary work for 285 their salvation. They place their trust in something or someone other 286 than him. But one's trust must be wholly in Jesus and his atoning work, 287 for he alone is the sinner's substitute and savior. If any of these are 288 missing, then one does not experience salvation. 289 290 Teach assurance of salvation. Upon receiving Christ as our savior, we are 291 making preachers in him, possessing a new kind of life and experiencing 292 the renewal of our inner human nature. It is impossible to have new life 293 and to experience this change in nature without manifesting this in daily 294 life. This manifestation of new life may vary and can be eclipsed by sin. 295 Nevertheless, the signs of this new life will be expressed in them who have it. 296

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298	There is a logical order to our salvation experience. First, we understand
299	justification, then the new birth, regeneration, new preacherhood,
300	sanctification, a co-laboring with God as we experience kingdom living,
301	and ultimately, glorification.
302	
303	I encourage you pastors, teachers, and parents to obey Scripture and
304	teach the dreaded D word: doctrine. Deuteronomy 6:6-9, "The Lord spoke
305	to Moses and to us, and you must commit yourself wholeheartedly to
306	these commands that I am giving you today. Repeat them again and
307	again to your children. Talk about them when you are at home and when
308	you are away on a journey, when you are lying down, and when you are
309	getting up again. Tie them to your hands as a reminder. Wear them on
310	your forehead. Write them on the doorpost of your house and on your
311	gates. It is vital to know and to teach doctrine as we all follow the great
312	commission. Go and make disciples.
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316	[END OF TRANSCRIPT]

TANC 2012

John Immel Session 1

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[ASSUMPTIONS + LOGIC = ACTION]

- 1 My name is John Immel. I'm really no one from nowhere. But this
- 2 is not altruism. I'm not known. But I've been around Christianity
- 3 for the better part of thirty years. I got born again when I was
- 4 fifteen. It's been a long time. I've been through the United States'
- 5 various flavors of Christianity, from the Midwest to the West to the
- 6 East Coast.

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- 8 I was listening to the radio the other day, and a song by one of our
- 9 modern philosophers came on. And the lyrics to the song are,
- 10 "There's something wrong with the world today. I don't know what
- 11 it is. Something is wrong with our eyes. We're seeing things in a
- 12 different way. And God knows it ain't His. It sure ain't no
- surprise." It goes on to tell us that we can't help from falling. This
- 14 is from a song by Aerosmith, "Living on the Edge." There is
- something world with the world today. But actually, it isn't
- inevitable that we fall.

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- 18 Over the course of the last fifteen years of my life as I was being
- 19 involved in various flavors of Christianity, I continually find
- 20 myself running up against the same interaction over and over and
- over. And, of course, for the longest time, the easy criticism is "It's
- 22 you. You're the problem." And there are a lot of doctrines within
- 23 Christianity that affirm, that yeah, it's probably you. If there is a
- problem, you are probably the problem. But then I began to realize,
- 25 wait a minute. The same problem exists whether I'm involved in
- 26 this dynamic or not. How is that possible? How is it possible that I
- 27 can go from denomination to denomination to denomination, from
- word of faith to charismatic to Baptist to Methodist, and it didn't
- 29 matter? How is that possible?

- Well, my contribution to the world is I love to think about these
- 32 kinds of things. I like to think about these kinds of things a lot,
- 33 which is probably what's mostly got me in trouble with
- 34 Christianity in general. So the Gospel According to John Immel,
- chapter 3:1-3 here's what I came up with. Here was my beginning
- 36 understanding of what the real issue is in all this world. All people
- 37 act logically from their assumptions. It does not matter how
- 38 inconsistent the ideas or insane the rationale. They will act until
- 39 that logic is fulfilled. Therefore, when you see masses of people
- 40 taking the same destructive actions, if you find the assumptions,
- 41 you will find the cause.
- 42
- Now when I use the word "logic" in this verse, I mean the
- consistent progression of a given set of ideas. I'm not saying that it
- 45 is specifically logical or it's accurate thinking. I am talking about
- 46 how idea A through idea Z go together to create an entire
- 47 perspective. Yes? Understand? So what I begin to realize, the same
- 48 people taking the same action produces the same outcome. That's
- 49 when I realized I understood the dynamic that was at hand.
- 50
- 51 Let me break this down to section. Verse 1 says assumptions plus
- 52 logic equals action. Verse 2 says faulty logic or erroneous
- rationalizations are still ideas that flow from one to the next to the
- next. Verse 3, mass action plus destructive outcomes equals
- 55 common premise.
- 56
- 57 Something is wrong with the world today. But for all of the world
- 58 history, it's actually been based in the same fundamental
- 59 assumptions. When you look back through history and you see
- 60 men taking the exact same steps, coming to the exact same
- 61 conclusions generation after generation, millennia after millennia,

62 the thing that we had, I decided I had to look up was what was

their root assumption? What did they expect of man? What did

they expect of life?

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The standard reaction when I start talking like this is, "Well, people just need Jesus." That's nice. It's a nice sentiment. Well, other people say, "Well, people just need Buddha." And still other say, "Well, you know, if Islam ruled the world, all the problems would go away." Everybody assumes that their specific answer is the bromide that fixes the problem without ever addressing the

72 underlying issue that's driving the problem.

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74 Now the issue with faith is people tend to take their faith very 75 personally and very seriously. And they don't really care to 76 evaluate what that means. They tend to assume that faith equals a 77 license to subjectivity, that they're entitled to what that means 78 merely because they happen to believe it. And so the challenge that 79 I have forever run up against is when I start talking about digging 80 into the roots of our assumptions, people say, "You know what? 81 That's complicated. That requires me to think. And I don't really 82 care to do that too terribly much." And I'm sympathetic on many 83 levels to that frustration. Because we would like to say to 84 ourselves, "You know what? The declaration of God's love is so 85 simple. Why on earth does this have to be complicated? Why is it 86 necessarily complicated?" I feel that pain. And that isn't Bill 87 Clinton. I wasn't trying to do a Bill Clinton imitation. I do feel that 88 pain. I do understand that frustration. It seems as if something that 89 is so simple, the process of believing, should be left to that 90 simplicity. But here's the challenge. I contend that it really isn't that 91 simple. Thinking is at no point simple.

And so I was trying to think of a very good metaphor to illustrate the complexity. And here is what I came up with. Throwing a ball seems like a very rudimentary process. You let it go. It goes from point A to point B. But here's the thing. It consistently drops to the earth. So I said to myself, "Self, why does a ball always hit the ground?" Well, I had some very smart people put together the physics of throwing a ball. D equals distance, t equals time, A equals acceleration, h equals initial height, V₀ equals initial velocity. You can see action formula for what it takes to identify the factors in throwing the ball. Now I'm no math wizard. Math is hard, okay? Two plus two, I get it most of the time. This, I couldn't begin to explain it to you. That's okay. I don't have to. But I want you to understand that the picture of the little guy throwing football on the beach is actually engaging in exactly that formula right there. That is the level of complexity that is really involved in throwing a ball from point A to point B.

Well, here's my metaphor with ideas. Thinking is hard because thinking is complex. It is just as complex, if not more complex, than throwing a ball. Because thinking is the mechanics of human action. This is where we get our energy to take action in life. From the time when we are old enough to recognize our own consciousness, to start motivating ourselves through life, the thing that dominates that action every waking moment of our day are the thoughts that we specifically put into action.

And here's the beauty, ideas are as calculable as the mechanics in throwing the ball. Now here's the challenge that I end up confronted with. We want simplicity. We've heard in the series of discussions about the issue of New Calvinism a resurgent Calvinism. A lot of people I think will probably take away from

that that it's some kind of grand conspiracy, that if a few misled souls would just kind of getting on the right path, all will be well with the world. No. Conspiracy really does not satisfy the discussion of New Calvinism any more than resurgent move to liberation theology describes why we are treading down the path of Marxism in the United States of America, or why Marxism has tended to dominate the whole of the western world, or why Islam is on the rise throughout the globe.

And unfortunately, Christians, because they prefer conspiracy as a solution, they would rather hear people say the Illuminati or the Bilderbergers, some dastardly mastermind growing his mustache someplace, spending lots of money to compel people to do things and take mass action. We will prefer conspiracy and world masterminds. We will prefer this, because this is easy. Conspiracies are easy. Thinking is hard. We would prefer that it was the devil. The devil made me do it. Flip Wilson, master theology that he was. The devil made me do it. I contend no. The issue is ideas. And ideas are hard. And ideas demand any individual that chooses to engage them a stunning amount of personal discipline. You must bring your A game every minute of every day that you intend to be about ideas.

So here is the specific problem with my metaphor. And that's the issue of gravity. When you throw a ball, of course, the ball at the end of its trajectory hits the ground. And the existence of gravity within that equation leads people to believe that the ball must hit the ground every time it's thrown. There's some truth to that. And because of that inevitability of that gravity, my metaphor tends to break down because in the grand scheme of ideas, I am overtly saying that we can control what we think. We can understand the

progression and the mechanics of our thinking and arrive at a different outcome. And historically, the inevitability of the gravity of human action, the fact that man tends down the path of his own self-destruction over and over and over, that has been used as a case in point to say that man is in effect depraved. If he were not in fact depraved, he would not end up in the exact same place. So I was thinking about this.

How do I successfully navigate the path of my metaphor of the specific calculations of throwing a ball and the specific calculations of understanding human thought and then subsequent action. And then I realized that throwing a ball in fact does exactly the same thing. The explanation for throwing the ball is not that the ball is pervasively depraved. It's not an effort for the bourgeoisie to sell defective products to the proletariat. Ultimately, in the event with the right effort, with the right calculations, you can in fact throw a ball and it never lands. Now granted, it requires you to get into outer space. Still, you can escape the gravity that drives the ball back to earth. Yes? Therein lies the consistency with my metaphor. I contend, I submit, forgive me for being a little too hostile. I submit that ultimately, when you challenge the assumptions that have dominated the whole of the western world, you can arrive at a new set of assumptions and those assumptions can defy the gravity that has driven men down the exact same spot.

So remember this? The Gospel According to John 3:1-3. All people act logically from their assumptions. It does not matter how inconsistent the idea is or insane the rationale. They will act until that logic is fulfilled. Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the same destructive actions, find the assumptions and you will find the cause. We're here in this specific session discussing -

we are going to ultimately discuss the issue of Calvinism, New Calvinism, and the question is why within this emergent movement do we see such consistent actions, such consistent outcomes, such consistent stories of oppression and domination and coercion? Why from one congregation to the next do you see the exact same outcomes? This is it. But first to find the assumptions, we're going to have to do this.

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We're going to have to take on our ideas. Ideas, it takes enormous effort to dissect one's thinking. Enormous effort. By dissect, I mean fully evaluate the content of ideas. This is the process of education and expertise. You can't come to this conversation knowing about half. You can't even come to this conversation knowing about two-thirds. It requires 90 percent commitment at minimum to get the scope of what's in issue. Be specifically aware of one's thoughts. This is the intentional consciousness that I was addressing earlier. From the time you're this big and you say, "I want a cookie," that is intentional consciousness. The day you actually read, "For God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son," and you chose to understand what that meant, that was intentional consciousness. And every day after that, if you crack open a book and you read an equation and you determine to understand what the variables within that equation meant, that is intentional consciousness. The moment you said to yourself, "I choose to value that human being over there and marry them," that is intentional consciousness. It takes enormous discipline to order one's thinking. And by order, I mean to evaluate the progression from A to Z.

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In the Gospel According to John Immel, I said it doesn't matter how irrational that progression is. In this instance, logic, real logic, is in fact the evaluation of non-contradictory thinking. Real reason is the determination to understand the overarching mechanics of your own individual consciousness. By order I mean that it's not contradictory, logic. When you say to yourself A plus B plus C plus D, and I do not find any inconsistency in that progression, it takes enormous self-definition. By self-definition, I mean an absolute trust in one's rational faculties. And this requires self-esteem. Bookmark this concept.

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226 This conference opened with the discussion by Paul Dohse about 227 the issue of human competence. We will find that ultimately, the 228 crux of this issue actually resides in the issue of self-esteem. Now 229 this particular term in American culture has been so utterly 230 corrupted that I really cringe to use it. But it still ultimately 231 captures what I'm after, an identification of the effectiveness of 232 self. But you can't get to self-esteem by someone holding your 233 hand and patting the back of your hand and telling them you're 234 okay. You can't get that from here. You can only get to self-esteem 235 by doing the work, overcoming challenges, and succeeding. That's 236 the only way to get there. Everything else you know is fraud. The 237 moment somebody looks at you and says, "You know what? 238 You're really good." And then you look yourself in the mirror and 239 go, "Uh, no, I'm not." You know better.

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The definition of human consciousness, the definition of selfesteem, comes from the ability to successfully prevail over challenges. And you will see ultimately this body of doctrine is designed to undermine this at its root. It's designed to undermine man at its most fundamental level. It is designed to eradicate his specific ethical egoistic self.

My last point on this slide, by self-definition, I mean an absolute trust in one's moral responsibility to think. Most people don't understand it that most of the arguments you encounter in almost every part of the doctrinal debate, I do not care whether it is the distinction between sanctification and justification, whether it is your moral right to keep the substance of what you have, these are all moral arguments. It is designed to condemn you at your root to prevent you from having the right to your own self and your moral responsibility for the sum and substance of your own life.

What I've been describing here is called philosophy. In the western world since Immanuel Kant, philosophy has been utterly corrupted for lots of reasons we won't address here. Most people think philosophy is this big academic banging around with beach balls, or they immediately, if you're a Christian, they immediately flip over to Paul's consternation with what you consider to be vain philosophies. Well, whatever Paul's consternation with philosophers and philosophies, here's the reality. It doesn't matter. But they're still here. You gotta figure out how to deal with vain philosophies, so you must necessarily have to understand what good philosophies are.

The content of philosophy is broken down into these four primary areas of study: metaphysics, epistemology, ethics, and politics. People often say to me, "John, does that mean to be a good Christian, we have to understand all these words?" No. But here's the thing. I have to ask this question. I have to do my Dr. Phil imitation. How is it working out for us? How are the bromides working? We just need Jesus? How many times have we said that? How many times have we invited people to church? [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:20:58. They're not. We know better. We

know we don't have anything to offer. That's why we're terrified.
We're terrified that we are not successfully engaging the world at large, and we are not. We retreat to the four walls of the church because we're terrified that some worldly ideas are going to sneak up and bite us in the butt, drag us all to hell. Oh, lions and tigers

and tigers and bears. No.

Here's the reality, and here is my challenge. Here is the prevailing challenge before us. The ideas that we have encountered are no accident. This is not happenstance. The source of all world evil can be located in evil ideas. The outcomes of those ideas have been displayed over and over and over. We're confronted with the reality that the fix that we have been offering does not work. One more sermon, one more frothing in the mouth preacher, one more guy pounding his ESV. Whatever. I can tell you now it ain't gonna get any traction. Because at the root of this issue, we must ultimately have the courage to think, and not only just to think but to rethink.

Everything that follows in this conference is founded on this knife edge. Unless people are willing to turn on their minds and challenge their deepest held beliefs, they don't matter. Nothing will change. It won't matter how much we dissect sanctification and justification or the centrality of the cross. It won't matter how many scriptures we stack up in service to pet doctrines. It won't matter how much we rail against misplaced church government. Is it presbytery? Is it democracy? Is it papacy?

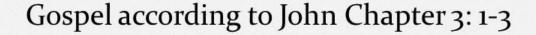
Ladies and gentlemen, that has already been done over and over and over, council after council, synod after synod, inter-Nicene fight after inter-Nicene fight. For the first time in history, men must rethink the historical fight from its roots. Mystic despotism, mystic despots have ruled the ruled with portents and disasters for those who dared to live life beyond mediocre. Tyrants can only succeed when men refuse to think. Autocrats rely on being able to compel outcomes because no one opposes their arguments.

And this is the challenge. This is the challenge that I have as a man who is passionate about thinking: to inspire people to engage in complex ideas that drive tyranny. So here's my challenge to those who are listening. Do not be seduced into believing that righteousness is retreat from the world. Do not be seduced into believing that spirituality is defined by weakness and that timid caution for fear of committing potential error is a reason to be quiet. Do not be intimidated by vague, hazy threats of failure. Do not let yourself believe that faith is a license to irrationality. I'm going to say that again to you. This is good. Do not let yourself believe that faith is a license to irrationality. Do not mistake the simple nature of God's love for a justification for simplemindedness. Do not deceive yourself with the polite notion that you are above the fray, that your right to believe is sufficient to the cause of righteousness. There is no more stunning conceit. Do not pretend that your unwillingness to argue is the validation of truth.

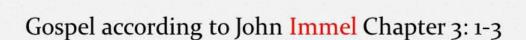
Know this: Virtue in a vacuum is like the proverbial sound in the forest--irrelevant without a witness. Character is no private deed. To retreat is nothing more than a man closing his eyes and shutting his mouth to injustice. Virtues are not estimates to be wafted gently against evil. Virtues are not to be withheld from view in the name of grace. Virtues are not to be politely swallowed in humble realization that we are all just sinners anyway. Love is not a moral blank check against the endless tide of indulgent action. Love is

not blind to the cause and effect of reality. Love is not indifference to plunder and injustice and servitude. The time is now, you men of private virtue, to emerge from — your fortress of solitude and demonstrate that you are worthy of a life that bears your name. The time is now, you men of private virtue, to answer Mick Jagger and all the nihilists that insist we are living on the edge and we cannot help but fall. It is time for you men of private virtue to take up the cause of human existence and think.

[END OF TRANSCRIPT]



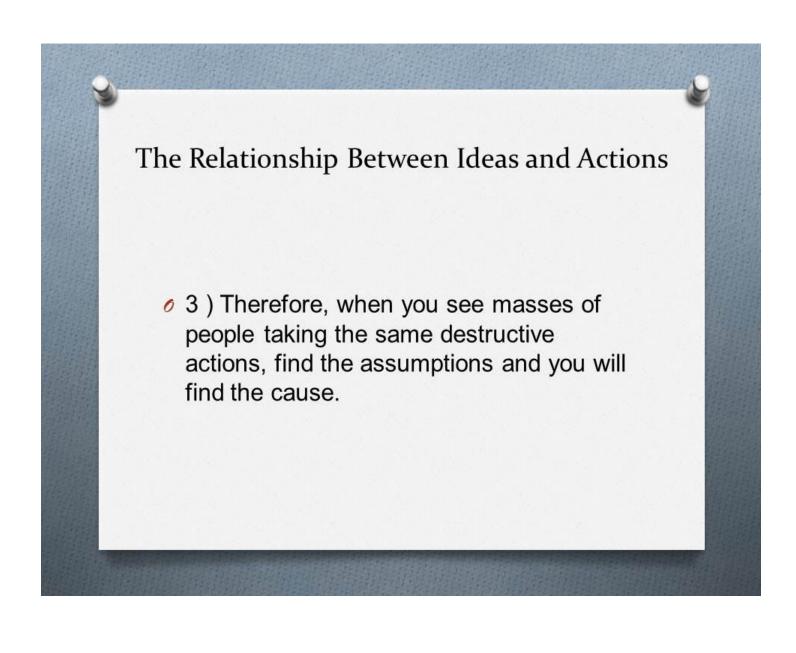
- 1) All people act logically from their assumptions.
- 2) It does not matter how inconsistent the ideas or insane the rationale, they will act until the logic is fulfilled.
- o 3) Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the same destructive actions, find the assumptions and you will find the cause.



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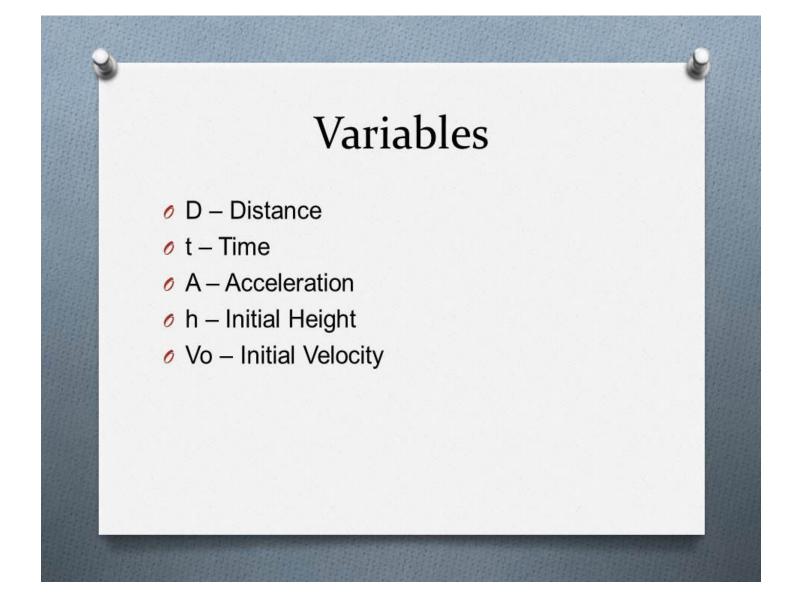
Breakdown

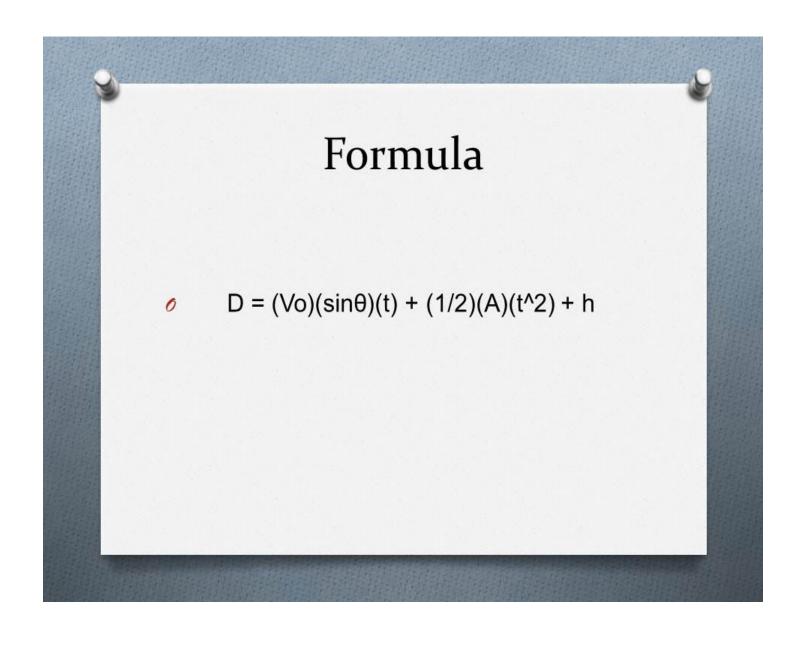
- Verse 1) Assumptions + "logic" = action.
- Verse 2) faulty logic, erroneous rationalization are still ideas that flow from one to the next, to the next, to an outcome.
- Verse 3) Mass action + destructive outcomes = common premise.





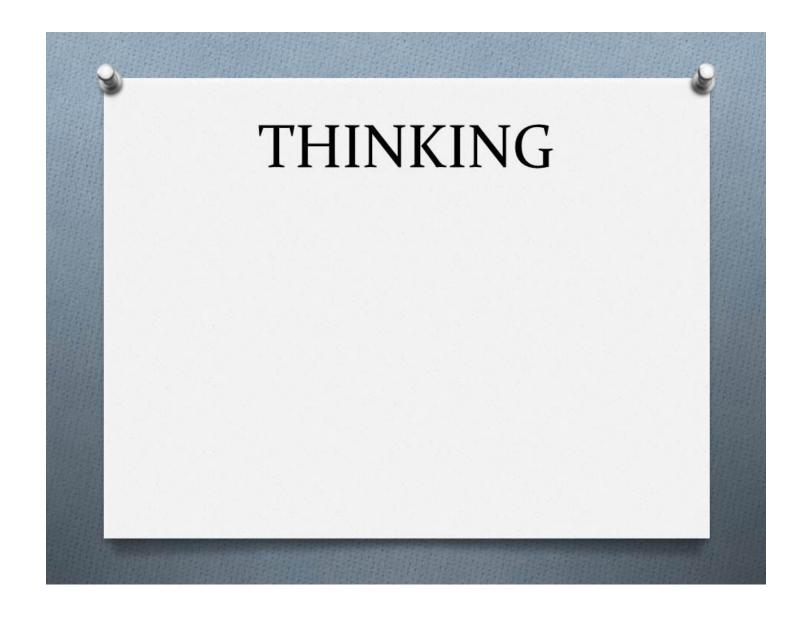








- V is initial velocity.
- θ is the loft angle . Velocity times sin of the angle gives you an angular velocity.
- This product is multiplied times t(time).
- The second summand is .5 multiplied times acceleration (gravity = -9.82 m/s^2) this is multiplied times t^2 (time squared).
- The third summand is the initial height.



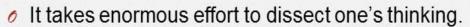




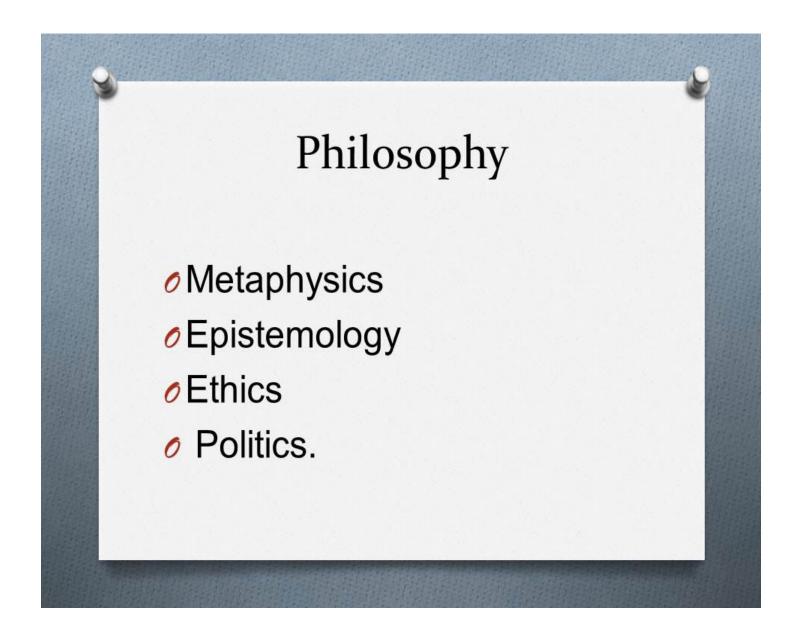




- 1) All people act logically from their assumptions. 2) It does not matter how inconsistent the ideas or insane the rationale, they will act until the logic is fulfilled.3) Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the same destructive actions, find the assumptions and you will find the cause.
- Verse 1) Assumptions + "logic" = action.
- Verse 2) Faulty logic, erroneous rationalization are still ideas that flow from one to the next, to the next, to an outcome.
- Verse 3) Mass action + destructive outcomes = common premise.



- By dissect, I mean fully evaluate the content of ideas: Education/Expertise
- Be specifically aware of one's thoughts: Intentional Consciousness
- It takes enormous discipline to ORDER one's thinking.
 - By order, I mean evaluate the progression from A to Z: Reason
 - By order, I mean demand that thoughts are NOT contradictory: Logic.
- It takes enormous SELF-DEFINITION
 - By self-definition, I mean an absolute trust in one's rational faculties: Self-Esteem.
 - By self-definition, I mean an absolute trust in one's MORAL responsibility to think: Ethical Egoism.



TANC 2012

Paul Dohse Session 2

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[HOW THE PHILOSOPHY BECAME A DOCTRINE]

1 Hello. My name is Paul Dohse. This is my second session in the

- 2 conference here, the first Annual Conference on Gospel
- 3 Discernment and Spiritual Tyranny. And I appreciate your patience
- 4 as we kinda work through getting these conferences off the ground.
- 5 You kind of have to crawl before you walk, and we appreciate
- 6 your patience.

7

- 8 I was challenged last night on one thing that I would like
- 9 everybody to take away on my first session. And what I would like
- everyone to take away on my first session is the fact that the past
- sixty-two years, at least in American Christianity, there's been two
- 12 time periods that have had the gospel as their major theme and
- focal point. And you say, "Well, Paul shouldn't that be the case?
- 14 Isn't that why we're here?" But what I want for everybody to take
- 15 away that in both in cases there was an overemphasis on the
- gospel. I believe the Hebrew writer exhorted us that once we're
- saved, we do in fact move beyond the gospel that got us saved and
- onto deeper matters of discipleship and applying the Word of God
- and His wisdom to our life with the aid of the Holy Spirit. I believe
- 20 the Apostle Paul exhorted the Church that we are ambassadors of
- 21 the gospel and that the news that they we're taking to the world is
- "Be reconciled to God." That's the message we take to the world,
- but as Christians, we are already reconciled.

- 25 Sanctification or, if you will, discipleship, isn't a continual
- reconciliation to God. And this is kind of amazing because none of
- 27 this is in my notes. I do not believe discipleship is a continual
- 28 revisiting of our reconciliation to God. I do not believe as many in
- our day teach that we gain deeper and deeper knowledge of God by
- 30 revisiting the same faith and repentance that God had saved in the
- 31 first place. We see this in Jesus Christ's illustration to the disciples

- in the book of John 13th chapter where he washes Peter's feet. And
- Peter says, "Don't wash just my feet. Wash my whole body then."
- What did Jesus Christ say? He said, "No, you are already washed."
- 35 You only have me of your feet to be washed." This clearly
- 36 demonstrates that our repentance as believers is a different
- 37 repentance than what saved us. Our first repentance washed us, if
- you will, saved us, if you will, justified us.

39

- 40 So I think the Scriptures showed clearly that as Christians, we do
- 41 in fact move on beyond the gospel. That's not heresy. I think that's
- 42 the Scriptures. And I don't think teaching such is a false gospel as
- many in our day contend, and I think the results of not moving on
- beyond the gospel is so well testified to and exemplified by Susan
- Dohse, what she is talking about, who happens to be my wife,
- 46 who's doing a great job with her firsthand testimony in what she
- 47 experienced in her Christian life from the time that she was a
- 48 young girl when people don't move on beyond the gospel.

49

- 50 So what do I want people to take from the first session? That an
- overemphasis on the same gospel that saved us was predicated on a
- 52 general mentality that the average parishioner is incompetent.
- 53 Incompetent in what regard? In regard to what the Apostle Paul
- 54 said in Romans 15:14. "I myself am satisfied about you, my
- 55 brothers, that you yourself are full of goodness, filled with all
- knowledge and able, able to instruct one another." Well, some will
- 57 quickly say, "Well, that knowledge that the Apostle Paul is talking
- about is knowledge of the gospel." To that I say baloney. To that I
- say baloney.

- This overemphasis on the gospel, the 123's of salvation, and I have
- seen this all of my life, that and the emphasis thereof replace this:

63 the ability of the parishioners to instruct one another and as Jay 64 Adams has said, really the best idea for the word "instruct" there in 65 Romans 15:14 is counsel. So what do I want people to take away 66 from this is that underlying the first and second gospel waves, as 67 we call them in this conference, a kind of new terminology for 68 these two movements, and Susan Dohse illustrated the first gospel 69 wave and that first gospel movement so well in her first session. 70 Underlying and predicating these two movements is this whole 71 idea of the incompetence of the average parishioner, and I laid 72 [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:09:05 that in some detail in the first session. 73 But that s what I want to be taken away, this whole idea of 74 incompetence on the part of the parishioner and the ability to 75 instruct one another being replaced with this concept of the gospel. 76 77 I haven't talked about a lot of my experiences in the first gospel 78 wave or the second gospel wave, but I mentioned some elements in 79 my first talk. One of them was when I first became a Christian, 80 even as a new Christian, I thought it bizarre that there was such a 81 strong emphasis on bringing people to church to get them saved. 82 And again you see that incompetence, that attitude of 83 incompetence that the average parishioner cannot adequately 84 present the gospel out in the world. Bring them in where the 85 experts, get them under the experts tat present the gospel. But I 86 somewhat digress. 87 88 Moving on, I wanna build on this first session and illustrate further 89 the point that I want folks to take away from the first session. That 90 brings me to what I call the Jay E. Adams reformation. In my first 91 talk, I spoke of the second gospel wave, pointing to the failures of 92 the first gospel wave and presenting the idea that they were the

answer for the failures of the first gospel wave. But during that

time in 1970 that the second gospel wave came into being, there was an alternative. There was an alternative. In the exact year that marked the beginning of the second gospel wave, the publishing of a book by Dr. Jay E. Adams marked the beginning of a movement that had a profound impact on Christianity. The movement, known as the Biblical Counseling Movement, offered a different solution to the failings of the first gospel wave. Again, Susan has done an excellent job of painting a picture of what these failings look like and do look like, continue to look life, in real life.

Let there be no doubt about this. Adams is saying his movement was relentlessly persecuted, and in my opinion persecuted to this day by proponents of the second gospel wave, i.e., New Calvinism. And I believe the reason for that persecution boils down to one word that is in the title of his groundbreaking book. And most people agree that the book that he published in 1970, 1971 was the beginning and the groundbreaking of the biblical counseling movement. And I think that it is not a coincidence that the name of this book hearkens back to what I want people to take from the first session. The name of his groundbreaking book was *Competent to Counsel*. Competent to Counsel. And I contend to you that the primary reason that Jay Adams suffered the persecution and the ridicule that he suffers is because of this one word right here in the title: competent.

Romans 15:14, Adams' attitude shared by the Apostle Paul and the Holy Spirit in Romans 15:14 was the major theme of this movement. But not only that, Adams continually encountered the doctrine of incompetence spawned by the first gospel wave. And I do think, again, that for lack of a better term, the Adams movement was the answer to the first gospel wave. Adams told me personally

during a visit with him that wherever he spoke throughout the country, parishioners seemed astonished that they could actually, as he put it, do something. He related one incident where after he spoke at a church, the deacons met to discuss this strange new doctrine that Adams was teaching, that it indicated that Christians could "do something."

I'm not sure that any more can be said to make this point. The attitude that Adams encountered as he went about speaking was the whole idea that Christians could participate in an idea like Romans 15:14 that that was deemed a strange new doctrine. And again I'm not sure what else I can say to further make this point. The source of the doctrine of incompetence or the belief that man is utterly incompetent in spiritual matters or worldly matters or both but always in spiritual matters at the very least can definitely be traced back to cradle of western civilization. And this is an idea that I will be dealing with in depth in the book that I'm working on, The Reformation Myth. This is an idea that's deep in the psyche of western civilization. And I believe that John Immel in his talks addresses this as much as he can in the short span that we have in this first conference.

And no, I will not delve into it here. This philosophy made its way into mainstream theology through the writings of Saint Augustine. It is fair to say that Augustine is definitely one of the forefathers of integrationism where this whole idea of man's incompetence was integrated into Christian theology. In essence, the doctrine of incompetence became Augustine's gospel. But though few Christians will contest man's inability to seek a holy God, it is important to note that Augustine integrated a plenary incompetence into his theology for both salvation and discipleship. Hence, it was

156 important to Augustine that salvation and discipleship was a total 157 work of God because man was completely inept in his ability to 158 participate in either. Underlying Augustine's theology was this 159 deep conviction that man is utterly inept. This can best be 160 illustrated in Augustine's motto, "Grant what You command, and 161 command what You desire." This is another illustration to where 162 I'm not too sure where I can add to that. It's sort of it is what it is, 163 right? God's commands are merely a reflection of what He desires. 164 But if those commands get obeyed, it's going to be God doing it 165 all. 166 167 Well, I guess borrowing from my first session, the Hillbilly 168 Commandments, one way of putting Augustine's view of things is 169 if God doesn't do it all, it ain't gonna happen. Therefore, what 170 Augustine came up with is what I refer to as a linear gospel. I'm 171 gonna get into this a little bit deeper later on. I'm just gonna go 172 ahead and say it. This in essence is the Reformation gospel. 173 Keeping on track with my initial point, it's a gospel of 174 incompetence. It's a gospel of salvation that fuses discipleship and 175 salvation together and makes it a total work of God because man is 176 completely inept. This is how this underlying philosophy 177 incompetence became the gospel. Do you understand that? It's 178 linear. The cross, salvation, discipleship, glorification, it's one. 179 180 Now I would be amiss not to offer a contrast. Here is the 181 alternative gospel. And this is what's critical to our understanding.

alternative gospel. And this is what's critical to our understanding.

And basically, in my talk here, we're moving in to the section
where I show you how the philosophy of incompetence became the
gospel that this conference is contending against. John Immel is
getting into the philosophies that led up to that gospel. Susan
Dohse is sharing how that's experienced in real life, to reiterate.

187 But back to this, this is the alternative gospel that I believe is the 188 contrast gospel that is actual scriptural truth. 189 190 Discipleship is totally separate from salvation. And along with 191 discipleship is the new birth. So in this gospel even though there is 192 an affirmation that salvation is all of God, there is an enablement 193 that comes along with discipleship via the new birth. We're not 194 saying that we do it all in discipleship. Certainly, we believe that 195 we are enabled, but we do teach and we believe it is the truth that 196 discipleship or sanctification, if you will, is a co-laboring between 197 man and God. 198 199 And what's critical enough here is that these two are separate. The 200 top line of salvation when we give our life to Jesus Christ, 201 glorification is guaranteed. That is why the top line is separate, and 202 it points it up to glorification, and why the discipleship is separate 203 because nothing we do, nothing we do in sanctification or 204 discipleship can affect the top line. The top line is already done. 205 Again, nothing we can do in discipleship can affect salvation. It's a 206 finished work. 207 208 And we're going to take a short pause here, a short break. And then 209 when we come back, I'm going to address this from Romans 8:30. 210 211 All right. Unfortunately, all these things, linear gospel as I call it, 212 became a truism from which many interpreters attempted to 213 interpret our role in salvation and discipleship, that is an 214 Augustinian gospel based in the incompetence of man in both

salvation and discipleship, sanctification, if you will. Now this

over time, and especially in our day, has propagated many

inaccurate truisms such as, and this is a good illustration,

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- discipleship, or sanctification, is the growing part of salvation.
- 219 Sanctification/discipleship is the growing part of salvation.
- 220 Salvation doesn't grow, all right? Salvation when we're saved, it's
- 221 finished. It's a finished work. Nothing we do in discipleship can
- add to salvation or justification or take away from it.

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- Turn with me, if you would, to Romans 8:30. Here's what it says,
- 225 "And those whom he predestined, he also called. And those whom
- he called, he also justified. And those whom he justified, he also
- glorified." When we're saved, this is all done. It's as good as done.
- 228 Whatever your view is of election, or whether God looks down in
- 229 history and because he knows the future sees he was going to show
- them and bases his election on that, or whether God determines
- before the foundation of the world, whatever your view is, it's
- irrelevant to the discussion here. And quite frankly, in my book, it
- is a red herring.

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- 235 Salvation is finished work. Nothing we do on discipleship can
- affect it. It's finished. This brings us to the point of where we
- 237 discuss serious problems with the Reformation gospel. In
- 238 Augustine's attempt to eliminate man from the loop as much as
- possible and reduce man's role in the salvation/discipleship process
- and has endeavored to do that, what I will illustrate here is that he
- unwittingly created a worse salvation. And let me show you how
- 242 this works.

- When you have what I call a linear gospel or a gospel where
- justification/sanctification is fused together, basically, what you
- get into is a very unfortunate situation where everything we do in
- 247 discipleship goes back to the gospel. And this the verbiage a lot of
- New Calvinists in our day use. What happens is when the two are

249 fused together, this is what you get. Discipleship becomes a 250 minefield because if you're not careful, very careful, of what you 251 do in sanctification, and here's the exact terminology that they use, 252 you unwillingly make sanctification the ground of your 253 justification. And these are the exact words that the likes of John 254 Piper use, the continual warning that things that we do in 255 sanctification can make that the ground of our justification. Note, 256 discipleship is totally separate from salvation. Nothing we do in 257 discipleship can make that the ground of our justification because 258 justification is a finished work.

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Now let me ask you something. Is discipleship a finished work?
Everybody agrees, right? Discipleship is not finished work but
salvation is. Well, how can what we do in discipleship affects
something that's already done, that's already finished? But yet, this
is the crux of their gospel. And it's the point that everybody is
missing.

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267 Galatians is brought up. Let me touch on that where the Apostle 268 Paul says, "O foolish Galatians, who has bewitched you? It was 269 before your eyes that Jesus Christ was betrayed and crucified." Let 270 me ask you only this. Did you receive the Spirit by works of the 271 law or by hearing with faith? Are you so foolish? Having begun by 272 the Spirit, are you now being perfected seems to be an ongoing 273 attempts by the flesh." People say, "See? See? We can try to 274 perfect ourselves by what we do in sanctification after already 275 beginning in the Spirit. We can be trying to perfect each other by 276 what we do in sanctification."

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Here is the huge problem that I touched on in my first sessions where Christians in our day do not understand doctrine, in fact, it's a badge of honor, and in my wrestling in the arena of ideas on this issue of Christians knowing doctrine and the difference between justification and sanctification, Susan and myself find in wrestling with people and even pastors on this issue that in our day Christians by and large do not understand the difference between justification and sanctification. And therefore, my friends, if you don't understand the difference between justification and sanctification, you cannot understand the book of Galatians.

And that is where New Calvinists of our day are able to deceive Christians en masse on this first scripture, what is Paul saying. What Paul is saying in this first scripture is Paul is asking a rhetorical question that reveals the folly of trying to finish something that is already finished. That's Paul's point here. When we receive the spirit at salvation, Paul states elsewhere in his letters that we are sealed to the day of redemption. If you're already sealed, you can't do anything in your sanctification as a way to perfect justification as the New Calvinists say Paul is saying in this first scripture and what the Galatians were supposedly guilty of. Paul states elsewhere in his letters that we are sealed at the day of redemption. There's nothing you can do in sanctification to mess that up. It's done.

Paul is asking rhetorically why work to establish something that's already finished. That's Paul's whole point of this passage, not the idea that the Galatians were doing things in sanctification that was making sanctification the, as John Piper put it, ground of their justification. New Calvinists are able to pass this idea on Christians en masse because they're biblically and doctrinally illiterate. Thank you, first gospel wave. Thank you, Billy Graham.

Also, it is interesting to note that perfected as the word that's used in the English standard version, by the way, in verse 3 is a Greek word that means, listen, to come to an end or to finish. That is why Young's Literal Translation states it this way: "So thoughtless are ye! having begun in the Spirit, now in the flesh do ye end?" Here's what Paul is saying. "Oh, you foolish Galatians, you're trying to finish something that's already finished." That's what Paul said.

But what in fact were they buying into? I'll give you an illustration. I wanted to leave the trenches to Susan Dohse, my wife, but let me divert here a little bit. This was what's going on among the Galatians, and I'll put it in context from my own experience and our day. There's a certain denomination, so-called, that teaches -and by the way, most 98 percent of all false gospels are based on this truism. And this is one of those. This particular denomination teaches that when you gave your life to Christ, Jesus died and forgives you and God forgives you of all your past sins up to that point you're declared justified. But then you've got to do something to finish your justification. That truism right there, again, 98 percent of all false gospels and the Christ plus something gospel is

based on this truism right here.

Now I led him out of that denomination. I led him out of it. Later on he was pursued by people from the denomination that he left, and he was tempted for various and sundry reasons to go back to that denomination who held to that gospel. I warned him that if he did that, he was denying the true gospel. This is what was going on with the Galatians. They were going back to a doctrine that taught you being a part of perfecting or finishing a work by God that was already finished. And this is the point of Paul's specific statement to them: "Are you so foolish that when it was all finished and

ended with the receiving of the Holy Spirit that you continue to try to finish, that by your works you come to an end?" What end is he talking about? Glorification. So again the foolishness of being a part of a work that's already done. Discipleship is not done.

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Now that brings us to this slide here. I didn't make up this slide. This slide comes from a New Calvinist organization. This is their chart. This is their cross chart. The cross illustrates salvation, all right? My friends, salvation does not grow. Salvation is a finished work. Take that big cross and put it all the way back in the

beginning. That cross is no bigger at the end than it is in the

beginning.

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Now notice again, getting back to what I said earlier, that their discipleship unlike with the Jay Adams reformation propagated, their discipleship is a continuation and a continual recycling of the same things that saved us. See how you focus on the gospel and awareness of God's holiness, and then on the bottom, growing awareness of our flesh and sinfulness. Where in the Bible are we taught to continually endeavor and search the depths of how evil we are when in fact we're born again and we're new creatures? The focus should be on getting better and better and better, not an endeavor to discover how totally depraved we are. But again this is what we do to get saved. And you've seen where it says conversion, and then from there we focus on two things and two things only, what is sometimes called gospel contemplationism, growing an awareness of Christ's words, God's holiness. So as in discipleship, and their discipleship and in their gospel, the goal is to continually find the depths of two different things, the gospel and how utterly, totally depraved you are. Now is it fair to say that this goes back to a philosophy or a doctrine of incompetence? The

more incompetence you find yourself and the more you successfully see how totally worthless you are, that makes salvation bigger, which brings us to our next slide.

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377 New Calvinists talk about, their words, not mine, and it's based on 378 Romans 8:30, the golden chain of salvation. What's the chain? Is 379 that a chain or is this a chain? This is taken from a sermon by John 380 Piper where he speaks of the golden chain of salvation based on 381 Romans 8:30. They say that sanctification is not mentioned in 382 Romans 8:30 because justification and sanctification are the same 383 thing, i.e., one chain from salvation to glorification. We say, and 384 contend, that Paul doesn't mention sanctification or discipleship in 385 Romans 8:30 because justification is totally separate from 386 sanctification. And sanctification need not be in a description of

the finished work of God the Father and Jesus Christ.

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389 I know that you can't read the excerpts and the quotations I have 390 here. But John Piper in this sermon, in this particular sermon, is 391 talking about the dangers of participating in the links of this chain 392 in the wrong way. And in fact, let me just, before I move on, read 393 part of an excerpt. He says, "There is a danger on the way of 394 salvation to heaven." Or he says specifically, "There is danger on 395 the way to salvation in heaven." No, there isn't. If you're saved, 396 there is no danger whatsoever on the way to heaven, unless we did 397 something to mess it up. He said, "We need," notice, "We need 398 something on the way to heaven. We need ongoing protection after 399 our conversion." Oh, really? Wow. "Our security does not mean 400 we are home free." Really?

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Now I want to get down to wrap it up. It just amazes that these guys can get away with saying things like this. But then I keep

forgetting the average American parishioner is so dumbed down theologically and biblically illiterate that of course he can get away with saying these things. "Our security does not mean that we're home free." He says, "There's a battle to be fought." In what context? In what context? A battle be fought where? Why would we find battle in work that's already done? What's he talking about? "And in this battle, we need protection and help far beyond what we can supply for ourselves." We don't need to supply anything for ourselves in regard to justification because it's a finished work.

He goes on, "The means God uses to protect us," listen, don't miss this. You awake? "The means God uses to protect us is faith. We are now being protected by the power of God through faith. It's salvation by Christ plus our faith." Look, when justification and sanctification is fused together and salvation is a golden chain, anything you do in sanctification goes back to your justification. It's, in their book, properly participating in the links. And if you don't properly participate in the links, the chain gets broken, and you're up the creek without a paddle eternally.

New Calvinism, because it fuses justification and sanctification together has a complicated formula for what is works in sanctification and what isn't works in sanctification, which determines whether or not you make "sanctification" the ground of your justification. But what they've done is created a complicated formula that determines what is works in sanctification and what isn't works in sanctification that might affect your justification. But my brothers and sisters, when the two are fused together, everything that we do in sanctification is a work, whether it's

merely meditation, prayer, or doing jumping jacks. Do you understand what I'm saying here?

Now I'm gonna close with another important point on this. Let's talk about this, and I close with this. Paul told Timothy that all of the scriptures are profitable and important, that the man of God can be thoroughly furnished in all good works. That's all of scripture, all scripture. The reformed viewpoint that eschatology or the lack of devaluing of eschatology is no accident. And don't tell me otherwise. I was in a reformed church for twenty years. There was one sermon on eschatology of the book of Daniel, okay? Why the devaluing? Because when you get into eschatology, you get into how many judgments there are at the end of the ages and how many resurrections there are.

With this gospel, the linear one, there can only be one resurrection, one judgment, and at that judgment, you're either going up or you're going down. If you did just the right things in the golden chain of salvation, you find yourself in act of judgment clothed in nothing but the righteousness of Christ via their secret formula. As I said, you're either going up or down depending on what you did in sanctification and discipleship. If you did anything in your discipleship that made that work the ground of your justification, you're going down. If you followed the New Calvinist, and I contend, reformed secret formula just right, you're going up.

Now if you believe, like those evil dispensationalists, that there's two judgments and there's two resurrections, can you see how this messes up their gospel completely? Because if the two are separate, first of all, in the salvation end, if we've already been declared justified and we had already been forgiven, how could

there be a judgment? God has promised not to bring in any of these things to remembrance. God has promised to cast our sins as far as the east is from the west. There can't be a judgment or any of that discussed. If there's any judgment at all or some kind of different judgment for discipleship versus salvation, and I contend to you that the Bible teaches as such, so we reject the idea that there's one judgment, and that judgment, that one judgment at the end of the ages determines the validity of your justification, based on anything you did, by the way.

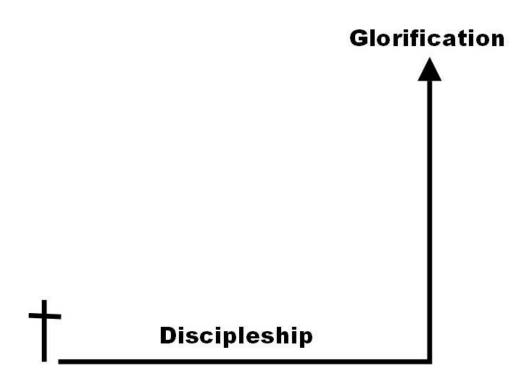
We contend that there's two resurrections and two different judgments. And depending on what judgment and what resurrection you're a part of determines where you spend eternity. And before I move on in closing, I'll give you a clue. Jesus Christ said, "In the resurrection of the just," there's a resurrection for the just. Why does he call it the resurrection of the just? Because they're already justified before they're even resurrected, that's why. I think the Book of Revelation towards the end, chapter 20, I believe, those areas, chapter 20, 21, if you take the Bible literally at all, you can't deny that there's two resurrections and what the Bible called second death.

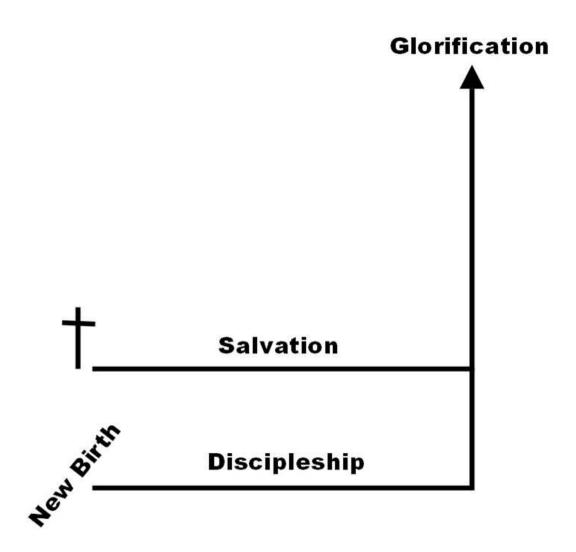
Now let me close with this point. This is a direct quote from John Piper. Listen carefully. Listen carefully. This is what he said in this video clip. "He," that is Christ, "is going to take our place and his righteousness is going to count for me on the last day. And that will be my solid ground." I beg your pardon. Jesus Christ's righteousness, and by the way, I think in our day we need to be accurate. All over the place in the Bible, it talks about the righteousness of God being imputed to us. I personally cannot find anywhere in the Bible, and I'd searched, where it says even though

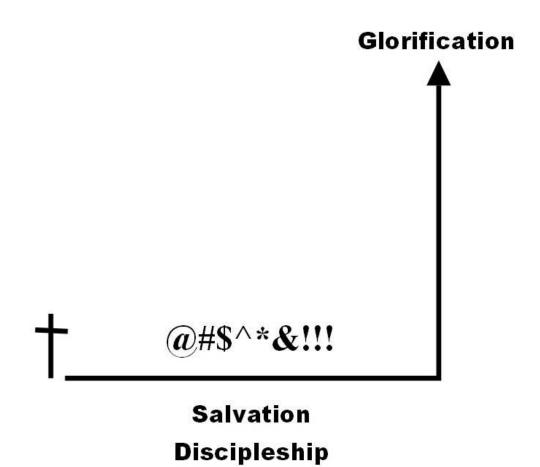
496 it's the big modern word in our day or a big phrase in our day that 497 the righteousness of Christ was imputed to us. All over the place in 498 the Bible, it speaks of the righteous of God imputed to us. I can't 499 find anywhere where it talks about the righteousness of Christ 500 being imputed to us. Now am I splitting here? I think in our day, 501 I'm not. I think that we need to be more cautious and more careful 502 in our day to use specific biblical language. 503 504 Look at what he says here, "If this righteousness, his righteous is 505 going," future tense, "to count for me," no, it isn't, it already 506 accounted for me. It's already a done deal. He's not going to take 507 my place at some future judgment. He's already taken my place. 508 His righteousness isn't going to be my solid ground in the future or 509 the last day. It's already the solid ground of my justification. Am I 510 the only one that sees a problem here? This is the work salvation. 511 And I do believe, because it makes me feel good to at least agree 512 with these guys, specifically New Calvinists on something, I do 513 believe they have reformation doctrine correctly. I do think they do 514 have it right. And it's work salvation. Thank you for your attention. 515 516

[END OF TRANSCRIPT]

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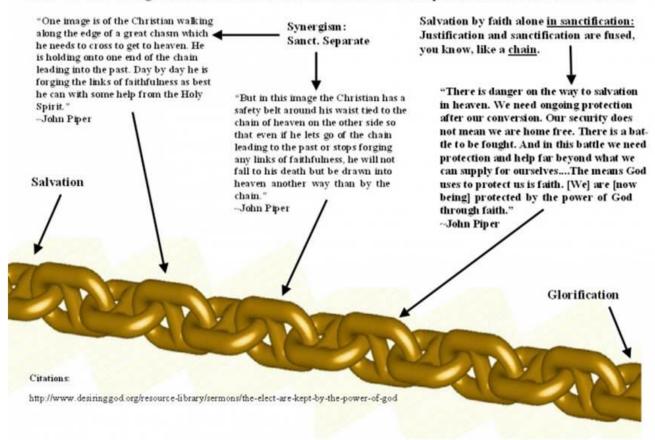


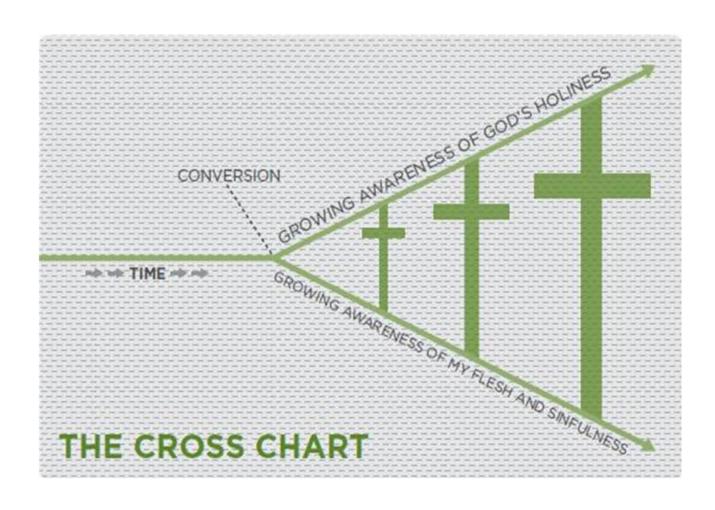


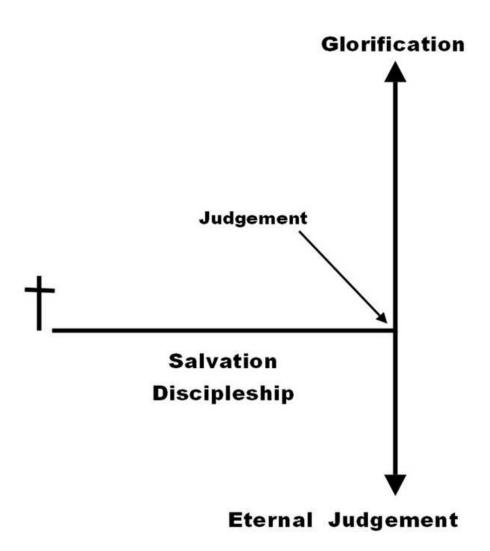


New Calvinism's "Gold Chain of Salvation" according to Romans 8:30

How we "see" things in sanctification can break the chain or keep it connected. You do the math.

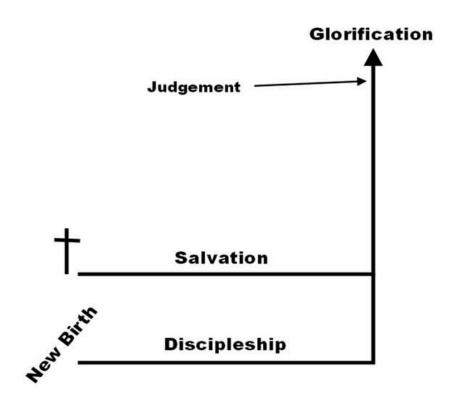








He's *going to take our place* and His righteousness is *going to count* for me on the *last day* and that *will be* my solid ground.



Eternal Judgement

....is a totally different judgement and resurrection.

TANC 2012

Susan Dohse Session 2

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[SANCTIFICATION CHAOS]

1 Biblical generalities and preferences equal God's word and

2 commands. Proverbs 23:7 states that as a man thinks in his heart,

3 so is he. So what we have been taught affects what we learn;

4 learning influences our thinking; and thinking leads to behavior.

5

6 I graduated from Seneca in 1969 at the glorious age of 16 and

7 ventured off to Cedarville College in Cedarville, Ohio. How I

8 selected Cedarville as the college to attend was supported by

9 clichés and truisms and preferences that I had accepted as equal to

10 God's commands. Let go and let God. Just pray about it. Lay out a

11 fleece and test God's will for your life. I attended Pioneer Girl

12 Camp in Canton, Ohio and was greatly influenced by the camp

nurse, Jodie, who was a Cedarville graduate. Because I greatly

14 admired her and dearly desired to go to a Christian college, I

pursued attending Cedarville. I shunned all other wise counsel

16 from my parents, youth leaders, and pastor to consider more than

one option. Don't put all your eggs in one basket. It was the only

18 college to which I applied, and my immature understanding of how

19 to seek God's will for my life meant that I will use Susan's version

20 of Gideon's fleece. This is the godly people speak of how God

21 revealed his will through glorious emotional experiences and even

22 told to test God and discover His will. But my admiration for my

23 mentor, Jodie, colored consideration of any other way of thinking.

So here was my Gideon's fleece.

25

I was a mediocre student in high school, doing well in the classes I

27 like--French, Speech, and Drama--and not doing well in classes I

28 didn't like--Algebra, Geometry, and Chemistry. So if I get accepted

29 with a C average, then it must be God's will for me to go there.

Wow, I got accepted! Hallelujah! God's will was revealed! I later

31 found out that everyone who applied got accepted regardless of

32 their grade point average. It was called academic probation. It was 33 a great financial sacrifice for my parents to send me to Cedarville, 34 but they were willing to give it a try under these stipulations. Dad 35 and Mom sat me down and they laid down the law. Susan 36 Deborah, we are not paying all of this money for you to make C's. 37 You must maintain a good GPA, only an occasional C. We don't 38 want you finding a boyfriend and falling in love and getting 39 married before you graduate. And if you get married before 40 graduation, we will not continue to pay for your tuition. I 41 wholeheartedly agreed. So off I went to Cedarville, a Baptist 42 college of arts and sciences with a wonderful pharisaical mindset. 43 44 Well, after understanding justification and had assurance of 45 salvation, I continued my sanctified growing in the Lord phase of life. My shallow understanding of sanctification was read your Bible, pray every day, and you'll grow, grow, grow. But more importantly, be separated from the world. Come out from among

46 47 48 49 them and be separate, said the Lord, and touch not the unclean 50 thing. In the age of miniskirts, the hippie revolution, and acid rock 51 music, my actions were radical. I had my mother make all of my 52 skirts mid knee length. I refused to attend movies, did not listen to 53 rock music. I told my English teacher I would take an F before I 54 would open the pages of A Catcher in the Rye. I did not swear, did 55 not experiment with alcohol, tobacco, or drugs. I did not date 56 much, so keeping myself from sexual immorality was not an issue. 57 Guess what? I had no trouble with Cedarville College's student 58 handbook because they had the same rules as I. See? It was another 59 way to prove that it was God's will for me to go there. We were in 60 agreement on basic fundamental biblical truths. In reality, it was 61 because personal preferences loosely based on biblical generalities

- operated my way of thinking and believing. And I learned later that
- was what Cedarville thought and taught.

64

- 65 This was before GPS and Map Quest. As we were driving to
- 66 Cedarville following a Kentucky-Ohio roadmap, and if you
- 67 remember them, when unfolded it would cover the entire
- 68 windshield of your car, and to fold it back to its original state was
- 69 an Olympic feat. The Rubik's Cube is nothing compared to
- 70 refolding a traditional roadmap. Daddy is driving along. Mother is
- 71 helping him with the state routes to take. And behold, we're driving
- by cornfield after cornfield. Lordy, lordy, Susan. Is this college in
- 73 the middle of a cornfield? Well ... when we see the sign,
- 74 "Welcome to Cedarville, home of Cedarville College," we all
- 75 cheered. And then we began looking for the college, and we keep
- 76 looking and looking. We had to turn around, stop, and ask for
- directions. Imagine that, parked on the edge of Cedarville having
- 78 to ask for directions to the college.

79

- 80 During that first week of freshman orientation, we girls met in my
- 81 room to get to know each other, talk about our families and our
- 82 churches. When I told them that I was a member of a Christian and
- 83 Missionary Alliance church, guess what I was told? You probably
- aren't saved because you aren't a member of a GARB church. Oh,
- well. I knew better. And I told them so, because in my very soul I
- knew about the doctrines of justification and salvation. I had been
- 87 taught those doctrines, and I was secured in my knowledge of
- 88 them.

- 90 In the course of the week, all I kept hearing was GARB this and
- 91 GARB that. And so I finally asked, "What's GARB?" General
- 92 Association of Regular Baptist churches was the answer. I about

93 died. I thought I was attending a Southern Baptist college, not a 94 regular Baptist college. I immediately called my daddy collect. 95 "Daddy, did you know that I'm at a regular Baptist school? They 96 aren't gonna do that snake handling thing, are they?" Well, my dad 97 assured me that he had read the school's manual and that no snake 98 handling was mentioned. If by the end of the first quarter I still had 99 questions, we could talk about transferring. But until then, my 100 dad's wise advice: Rely on the truth. I had already been taught. 101 Later I learned what GARB meant: the General Association of 102 Regular Baptist churches and what the General Association of 103 Regular Baptist churches was.

104

105 I loved college, particularly the Bible classes. I loved the chapel. 106 However, it was not long before reality set in. I carry everything 107 with me and did not return to the dorm until all my classes were 108 done for the day. I would stay at the library and study and eat the 109 cafeteria meals and return to the dorm at the latest time possible. I 110 was a super student. Nah. It was because I did not like dorm life 111 for in the dorm is where true Christianity was played out. And my 112 pharisaical mindset was fed. Along with the unit prayer meetings 113 and Bible studies, we had dorm meetings.

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You know, you have the fantasy that when you're in college you form lifelong friends, the ones that will travel miles to be the bridesmaids in your wedding, and the second ones you notify when you find out you were with a child. Well, in my case, it revolved around the discussions of how to break the rules and not get caught, the best places to go to make out with your date, which classes to sign up for that were easy, and complaining, complaining, complaining about the rules and why spiritual [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:10:06 never got caught breaking them. It

was dorm life where I was taught to have a critical, judgment, and deeper pharisaical philosophy. I allowed other Christians' preferences and opinions to determine truth.

127

128 In most of my classes, I was taught what to know and what to 129 think, not how to think, and apply God's word to everyday life and 130 living. In my immaturity I preferred to be told what to think by 131 someone else. It was safer and it was much easier to memorize 132 material and regurgitate it back for the test. In the classes that I had 133 where I was provoked to think, my pharisaical mindset took over. 134 And I complained. The professor wants us to do his job for him. 135 Why doesn't he just tell us what we need to know and be done with 136 it? The philosophy of knowing the material for the test and 137 knowing how to think and reason to determine God's word and 138 what it said about kingdom living were at opposite ends of my 139 spectrum.

140

141 You know the definition for preference? It means a choice, 142 selection, a greater liking for one alternative over another. The idea 143 of preference being the same as the inspired word of God 144 permeated my thinking. And if you did not have my preferences, 145 you were the one that was wrong. This was a pattern of thinking 146 fed by the college. Why were attending movies immoral? The 147 College's answer, "Because it's in the handbook." My answer, 148 "Well, what if Jesus came and you were in the theater caught 149 watching The Ten Commandments?" I had one of my dearly 150 beloved professors say about the movie Charlotte's Web, which 151 was her favorite children's book, "I would really like to see it but 152 will have to wait until it comes on TV." Why was facial hair on 153 men breaking God's commands? The College's answer, "Because 154 it's in that handbook." My answer, "It connected one to the hippie

movement and rebellion, and Christian men were to abstain from all appearances of evil. Facial hair was an outward expression of a hippie heart."

By the time I graduated, I began to question my pharisaical preferences and why I held on to them so tightly. It was because of some hippies I had met from Yellow Springs, with whom I was trying so feebly to witness, challenged me to begin to think differently. It was because I believed what I had been taught, that a sanctified Christian lived by rules, determined righteous by those in authority over you, not by every word that proceeds from the mouth of God. I built my Christian faith upon those preferences until I met Wayne St. Denis the spring of my freshman year there at Cedarville. He was a gifted intelligent man and delighted into getting me into arguments about what was right and wrong with my thinking, not about what was right and wrong, but my thinking. We fell in love and were married after my graduation from Cedarville in 1973. I kept my promise to my parents. I did not get married until after I graduated.

He was a pre-seminary student, and we were planning on going into full-time Christian service. Until the draft. After losing his student status, he was drafted into the Army in 1971, the height of the Vietnam War. Because the Army misspelled his last name, he spent a year in Korea instead of Vietnam. Go Army. We were married in July. My brother helped him find a job in Tipp City, and I was hired at Xenia Christian to teach sixth grade. The government paid for Wayne to go back to school on the GI Bill. All was well with our world.

To be a teacher at Xenia Christian, we had to also be members of the church. We were told that it was because teachers were considered employees of the church. Later I realized it was to keep a heavy hand of control on the staff. The pastor was new to the church, and he heavily endorsed the teachings of Bill Gothard. All sermons were a regurgitation of lessons from the Bill Gothard seminars even to the use of Gothard's transparencies. The teachers were required to attend the Bill Gothard seminars every year. And some of his curriculum was even required to be used in the classroom. For those who are not familiar with Bill Gothard, he is a name, a big name, in the patriarchy movement.

After teaching there a few months, I was called to the principal's office and reviewed. "You are not a submissive wife because you walked in front of Wayne down the hallways instead of behind him." I was called to the office a second time. I was beginning to think I was spending more time in the principal's office than some of the disobedient students. And I was counseled again. Wayne had purchased a bracelet for me, you know, just one of those because I love you gifts. And like any newly married girl, I showed it off to the other teachers. I was reviewed. "Wayne should not be buying me gifts. The money should be used for eternal things." I managed to stay out of trouble for three years. And then, "We are not prepared to renew your contract." I asked why. Wayne had grown a beard because he hated shaving. Daily self-sacrifices were not his preference, he always said. I had long hair down to my waist. I was told by the principal that we gave the appearance of hippies and sent a message of rebellion to the parents and students. So if Wayne shaved and I cut my hair, my contract will be renewed? Wayne trimmed his beard, and I had my hair cut shoulder length. And voila, my contract was renewed. I quickly learned that

outward and keeping one's mouth shut were keys to being a teacher in a Christian school. That personal philosophy worked for fifteen years.

You have to have qualifications to teach school, but you did not need qualifications to teach in a Christian school. The Christian curriculum spelled out in the teachers' manuals were a foot thick and told you what you were to teach, how long it would take, what to assign, when to quiz, and what to quiz. I put the manuals on the shelf and closed the classroom door. I wanted to expose my fifth and sixth-graders to the wonderful world of thinking. Guess what? I was called into the principal's office. My students weren't finishing the 350-page Math test by the end of the year. And I was reading out loud too much from books by C. S. Lewis and Lloyd Alexander and Elizabeth George Speare. I was told that the only good teacher is a Christian teacher in a Christian school. And Christian schools teach by the manuals. I kept my mouth shut because I needed the job.

What I want you to take from my second talk, preferences are not to be equated with God's commands. Paul tells us of the great liberty we have in Christ in the book of Romans. A greater liking of one alternative for another is not immoral if it does not contradict God's law and commands. We are capable of building our thinking and doing if we build our lives on the rock, every word that proceeds from the mouth of God. Teaching selectivity and wise and Godly choices based upon biblical principles is far more effective than requiring that one follow a list of preferences that have been dubbed Christian and have no foundation on biblical principles. Teach your children not just what to think but how to think and reason. Teach your children how to build their

247 lives on the rock, every word that proceeds from the mouth of God. 248 They will be put to the test, especially when they become young 249 adults. And if they have not learned how to apply God's principles 250 to their daily lives and co-labor with him in the sanctification 251 process, they will crash and burn. My crash and burn came and 252 lasted for over thirty-four years. And that will be the subject of my 253 last talk. 254

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257 [END OF TRANSCRIPT]

TANC 2012

John Immel Session 2

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[THE ROOTS OF SPIRITUAL TYRANNY]

- 1 Luke 4:17, "When he was given the book of the
- 2 Prophet Isaiah, and when he opened the book, he
- 3 found the place where it was written. The spirit of the
- 4 Lord is upon me because he has anointed me to
- 5 preach the gospel to the poor. He has sent me to heal
- 6 the broken-hearted. She proclaimed liberty to the
- 7 captives and recovery of sight to the blind, to set
- 8 liberty to those who are oppressed, to proclaim the
- 9 acceptable year of the Lord. Verse 21, "And he again
- 10 say to them, today, this scripture was fulfilled in your
- 11 hearing."

12

- 13 So what does this passage have to do with what I'm
- about to talk about? And the answer is not one thing. I
- 15 am practicing my Neo Reformed proof-texting. Screw
- 16 you [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:01:08

17

- 18 The advantage of being able to stand behind a pulpit
- 19 to demand that people submit to your authority is you
- 20 can tell them whatever you want, and they can't argue
- 21 back. They must submit to what you say. They have
- 22 no opinion in the matter. It doesn't matter what comes
- 23 out of your mouth next. And this is exactly how
- 24 tyrants and despots the world over have ruled the
- 25 masses. They have defied the people, defied them to
- 26 challenge what they say.

- 28 I'm going to go ahead and review since this is a
- 29 building process. In the first session, I introduced the
- 30 concepts that there is a science to thought, and we're
- 31 not going to expand on what that specifically means.

32 But as a brief review, here's what we're going to talk

33 about. We're going to talk about philosophy specifically

34 and what that is.

35

36 Now some of you I'm sure have heard these 37 statements: "Give it over to the university. No one can 38 know anything for sure. Jesus died for our sins." As I 39 said in the first session, people hear philosophy and 40 they tend to think of a bunch of college people sitting 41 around in rooms batting back ideas that are largely 42 useless, things that are irrelevant. That has a lot to do 43 with what has happened to philosophy. In the middle 44 1700s, a man by the name of Immanuel Kant got a 45 hold reason and wrote a book about it called The 46 Critique of Pure Reason. His function within that book 47 was to reduce reason effectively to ash. That was his 48 goal. He wanted to destroy man's competence and 49 reason. He was trying to give back faith and 50 subjectivity back into the Christian religion. He was

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53 The result of saying that thinking doesn't mean 54 anything is that eventually people say thinking doesn't 55 mean anything. If you tell people long enough that 56 thinking is irrelevant, then eventually they go, "Yeah, 57 thinking is irrelevant," which is why the average 58 fifteen-year-old sitting in math class says, "Why do I 59 need to know this?" Or the average eighteen-year-old 60 sitting in advanced history class says, "Well, why do I 61 need to know this? Why isn't it okay that I'm stupid?" 62 Now they don't say that. Because they feel entitled to

trying to take reason out of human thinking.

what they do know, their mastery of the latest Xbox game, their knowledge of whatever is in pop culture, they feel very entitled to that. But they see no causal relationship between their given body of thought and their given body of action. No one has ever explained to them that the content of their thinking is in fact a cohesive whole.

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71 Now individual thoughts, stray thoughts, everybody 72 has them, they don't amount to much. But full 73 philosophical statements have enormous power. "Give 74 it over to the universe." This is actually a philosophical 75 statement. Notice the relationship - if you've ever read 76 The Secret or heard about the book, The Secret, this is 77 in reference to the concept of *The Secret*, give it over to 78 the universe. This is the philosophical statement 79 designed to summarize the elements of quantum 80 physics and the mystical assumption that the universe 81 is a conscious creature and is aware of your need.

82

83 "No one can know anything for sure" is a philosophical 84 statement that presupposes that there is no objective 85 truth. It is a summation of Friedrich Hegel and 86 Immanuel Kant's full philosophic conclusions. When 87 you hear somebody insist to you that you can't know 88 anything, that there is no absolute in life, they are 89 really referring to a deep intellectual history, a deep 90 intellectual tradition that goes back to the mid 1700s.

91

"Jesus died for our sins." Believe it or not, that did notcome from a first or second century thinker. That

94 actually emerged, this thought right here, that 95 summation actually emerged well in the third century. 96 That thought is actually a summarization of the 97 doctrine of original sin, federal guilt, atonement, and 98 the ratification of a new covenant. Now original sin 99 comes from Saint Augustine. The first record is by the 100 of Irenaeus. Irenaeus' theology 101 Augustine's theology. It's not Augustine's original sin. 102 Federal guilt is the presumption that Adam ultimately 103 is responsible for the simple destruction of the whole 104 race. Atonement, the doctrine of atonement is 105 ultimately discussed from effectively the fourth 106 century on, and the ratification, the concept of the 107 ratification of the new covenant. These are all 108 evolutions of thought that have been reduced to the 109 statement, "Jesus died for our sins."

110

111 Note the layers upon layers upon layers 112 understanding, in each of these statements how many 113 sub-layers they really represent. This is philosophy. 114 This is what philosophy really does. This progression 115 from the assumptions all the way through to the final 116 summation that ultimately ends up on a bumper 117 sticker. When you see a bumper sticker say, the 118 common one now that says "coexist" written out in 119 formula or symbols, what that's really saying is why 120 can't we all just get along? With all the harmonious, 121 with all the spiritual faiths represented by these 122 symbols, why can't we all just get along, right? That's 123 what they're really after. But you must specifically 124 understand every specific understanding of faith

represented by those symbols to give the bumper sticker meaning, right? This is the ultimate power of philosophy, how we take ideas, very big, very large ideas and ultimately roll them down so that you and I can have a conversation [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:07:40 Jesus died for our sins.

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132 The Gospel According to John Immel 3:1-3. By the 133 way, for those of you who don't know, I'm John Immel. 134 This is my observation about how ideas go together 135 with human action. "All people act logically from their 136 assumptions. It does not matter how inconsistent the 137 ideas or insane the rationale. They will act until the 138 logic is fulfilled. Therefore, when you see masses of 139 people taking the same destructive actions, find the 140 assumptions and you will find the cause."

141

142 Humans are the sum of their collective ideas. Humans 143 are built to think, to engage the world we live in with 144 our mind. The command from the beginning, be 145 fruitful and multiply, rule and subdue the earth 146 presupposes a mastery of the earth. It presupposes the 147 ability to master the earth. And it specifically 148 presupposes that you are charged with 149 responsibility to master the earth. The one thing that 150 sets man apart above all else is that man is not 151 specifically designed to live in any given environment. 152 He must alter his environment to live in it, which 153 means he must think. He must manipulate his 154 environment to his advantage. Every other creature, 155 every other animal is specifically built within its design

within its environment. Man is not. Man is utterly separated from all the rest of creation, set at its pinnacle as a master of that creation by virtue of his rational mind.

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161 This means by necessity we must understand the 162 difference between good and bad ideas. So when I talk 163 about philosophy, I'm not talking about vain concepts, 164 vain philosophies or intellectual beach balls. I am 165 specifically referring to how we know what we know. 166 The nature of existence is called metaphysics. How we 167 know what we know is called epistemology. How do we 168 value what we know is called ethics. And how we 169 interact with people is called politics. If you can 170 picture this in your head, starting from here, this is 171 the beginning of the path down to mass of action. Here 172 are our metaphysical assumptions. They are the 173 things that are above the physical realm that we must 174 come to understand, the concepts that we must come 175 to understand that are in fact transcendent specifically 176 of here now. We must come to understand this. Then once we understand this, then we understand 177 178 epistemology. Then man understands how he knows 179 what he knows. Once he understands his existence, he 180 then understands how he interacts with that 181 existence. That ultimately produces his values.

182

183 Think of it this way. How do you know you should 184 drink water? What's the value of water? It keeps you 185 alive. Your specific metaphysical truth that your body 186 needs water to survive makes water good. Those are 187 your ethics. Now let's ask this question. Once we have 188 our ethics, how do we know how to interact with 189 human beings? That is the study of politics. This is the 190 driving force of human existence. From the most 191 rudimentary to how man understands, to how man 192 derives his specific set of values, to ultimately how 193 man interacts with the rest of the world, the other 194 individuals in the world.

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196 What does this have to do with this conference? 197 Everything. Absolutely everything. The existing, 198 emerging fight over Neo Calvinism, the Neo Reformed 199 movement in the United States is specifically built 200 upon what we're specifically about to talk about today. 201 The nature of human existence is in fact imbalanced. 202 Who we are as a species, what we are as defined by 203 this body of doctrine has determined over the course of 204 history the ultimate destruction of our race. Bold 205 statement. You'll understand it in a minute.

206

207 I want you understand a specific principle. The major 208 metaphysical premise, your foundation assumptions 209 determine your epistemological qualification. We've 210 talked a lot about incompetence in this meeting, right? 211 The second point there, epistemological qualification. 212 That's where we decide who's qualified to do what? 213 Epistemological qualification defines ethical standard. 214 So once you decide how competent you are, that 215 determines what your ethics are. The last one is 216 ethical standards prescribe political culture. Let me try 217 to break that down a little more. I'm sympathetic. I get

it. This is high level stuff. I understand that. But like the teacher that has to set the bar higher, we need to get the mastery of what this actually amounts to you. You've got to elevate your expectations on what this means. Hence, the heady conversation on some pretty deep issues.

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225 Principle restated. foundational assumptions 226 determine how effective man is to understand his world, defines moral value, prescribes government 227 228 force. Now watch. This is Plato. This is one of the first 229 men to actually author a full philosophical statement 230 about the world that was successfully comprehensive. 231 There were others prior to him, but Plato has 232 dominated the vast percentage of western history. 233 Western history meaning the history that ultimately is 234 the heritage of the United States. Plato had probably 235 dominated it more than anyone. And here is Plato's 236 premise. This world is a mere reflection of other 237 worldly forms. In other words, this right here doesn't 238 really exist. There's actually a purist, true bottle of 239 water some other place. And I get this here, and 240 whatever this is, this is imperfect. It's a form of 241 something else. This determines man cannot know 242 truth because he experiences the imperfect shadow 243 world. The metaphor is man stands in a cave. There is 244 a fire in the cave that ultimately casts a shadow on the 245 wall. All man sees is in fact that shadow. That's all 246 man truly understands about the nature of the world. 247 The last part of this defines only select men of the

248 highest character and a longstanding study can 249 achieve enlightenment.

250

251 Now watch what happens. When you make these first 252 three presumptions, look what it leads to. This 253 prescribes that philosopher kings should govern the 254 great unwashed. Do you see the progression? Do you 255 see it match? The moment you decide man is 256 incompetent, the moment you decide that truth is 257 beyond his capacity, that only means a select few are 258 somehow able to know the truth, they are uniquely 259 qualified to force the rest of us to whatever their 260 understanding is.

261

262 This is how it works. Watch. Karl Marx. Karl Marx 263 said, here's his metaphysical premise, history is a 264 community fight over resources. This determines that 265 the community establishes truth. This defines all 266 members of the community must work for the common 267 good, which is the collective will. And last, notice, this 268 prescribes a government that forces each person to 269 provide according to his ability, to be given to each 270 according to his need. Notice that the metaphysical 271 presumption ultimately turns part of a culture 2.72. enslaves. That's how it works.

273

Watch. Augustine. Augustine said original sin means the Fall of Man. Give the implication of the power of that idea. Man is fully and entirely disqualified. The nature of sin so fully corrupt who and what he is that ultimately man cannot know any good. In other words, 279 you can't know that water is good for you. The nature 280 of your depravity so corrupts what you are that you 281 can't define good. Now watch the vicious nature of 282 what this does. Man has no ethical standard because 283 he has no good. He can never act with good on his 284 own. By definition, the moment you say that, what 285 must happen? This prescribes God the Father and the 286 Holy Mother Church is the mother disciplining 287 wayward humanity. Anybody who has even this much 288 knowledge of Catholic history knows this is where the 289 disaster of the Dark Ages comes from, the massive tide 290 [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:18:32 of human destruction, the 291 warfare that lasted effectively from almost 600 AD as it 292 washed across the face of the earth. What is it? Pope 293 Innocent III? One of those bloodthirsty men? No. 294 Cardinal Richelieu in the modern age? Bloodthirsty. 295 Where does this come from? This is not an accident. 296 follows exactly from the metaphysical 297 presumption. When you presume that the masses of 298 humanity are functionally incompetent, you can arrive 299 at no other conclusion that man must be compelled by 300 force. The progression of ideas drives you to this point 301 every single time.

302 303

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309

This is my contribution to the discussion of philosophy 304 in the world. Here's what I've identified. The first three 305 elements of all causes of tyranny follow exact this way. 306 All tyranny is derived from two primary presumptions. 307 I call it universal guilt and mass incompetence. Universal guilt basically says because man is pervasively guilty of some primary moral inferiority, he has no redeeming quality in and of himself. That concept plus mass incompetence, that he is incapable of [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:20:03 saving his own action requires him to need dictated good. This, ladies and gentlemen, is the source of all tyranny.

315

316 Every time you hear a despot speak, a tyrant, an 317 autocrat, ultimately listen to him long enough and you 318 will hear them tell you how incompetent you are and 319 how guilty you are. In the modern age, or the primary 320 leading example in our current culture is our entire 321 determination to go green. There are conservationists 322 out there telling people, of course, to be good stewards. 323 Most of our current political culture says man is 324 polluting the world and destroying it. He is 325 incompetent to do anything else. We must revert back 326 to a primitive state where the world is somehow saved. 327 Listen to the same themes: universal guilt, mass 328 incompetence. What is the result? The political forces 329 must come into play to destroy anything that's 330 effectively modern. Get rid of cars. Get rid of oil. Get 331 rid of power. Get rid of coal. Anything that drives man 332 back to a primitive state.

333

Universal guilt equals the metaphysical presumption.

Mass incompetence equals man's epistemological
determination. In other words, man can't get the point.

He is incompetent at his root. Whatever this thing
does, he doesn't get it. The only thing that's left is
dictating good. And this prescribes the function of
government.

341

342 So now let's get back to the Neo Reformed movement. 343 Now this should make abundant sense. This is John 344 Calvin. Pervasive depravity has wholly corrupted the 345 whole of human existence. This determines that all 346 good, all good, is the product of God's specific 347 sovereign action. Notice the generation gap that this 348 places between good and man. Notice how far this 349 removes man from his very environment. This defines 350 that man's life is a predetermined in action and in 351 outcome. The predetermination, the predestination 352 that is taught within this doctrine resides right there. 353 And last, this prescribes an elect few who are divinely 354 appointed to shepherd the flock in God's behalf. The 355 discussion that we continue here that is emerging 356 throughout American piety is how often the average 357 pew-sitter has a collision with an elder, a deacon? And 358 how often they are villainized, tyrannized, suddenly 359 brutalized, or not so suddenly brutalized?

360

361 Now Americans, we live because of developments that I 362 will address in the third session. We live with 363 ontological certainty of religious freedom, that big word 364 that means we're actually positive we should be 365 entitled to our own faith. We've never suffered a 366 religious war in the United States. Exactly. And as a 367 result, we tend to fracture and divide long before it 368 becomes fight, long before it becomes 369 [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:23:49, long before it becomes 370 bloodshed. But this word 23.56* Calvinism? No. 371 They've never conceded tyranny [SOUNDS LIKE]

372 00:24:02. Violence? Civil force? This is where it goes. It 373 can't hold it. The very causal relationship, I addressed 374 this of course, in the first session. The dynamic of 375 throwing a ball, once you let it go, a series of forces 376 come into play that drive the ball to a given end. This 377 is exactly the same thing. The dynamic of the 378 progression that you see here is as absolute as 379 throwing the ball. The gravity that I talked about in the 380 first session ultimately comes from the force of the 381 ideas that drives man down this exact path.

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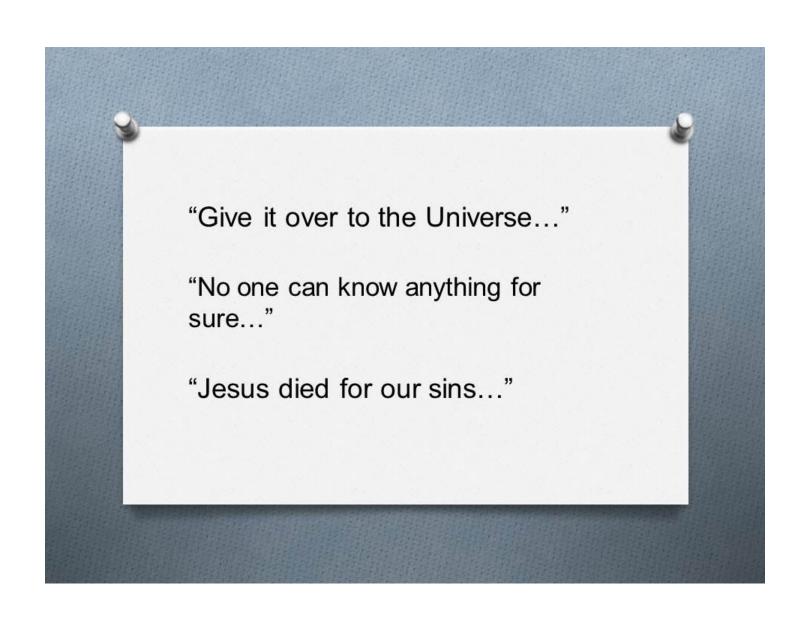
383 And you can see, John Calvin, total depravity equals 384 mass incompetence. Irresistible grace of the T.U.L.I.P. 385 acronym, irresistible grace equals universal guilt. The 386 implication behind irresistible grace is ultimately that 387 prevailing manifestation of humanity is in fact 388 incompetence. So he must be given a specific grace but 389 only a select few that will get there, which means that 390 select few, limited atonement, they're the ones that get 391 to dictate the good. They're the ones that get to will the 392 force to compel a given body of outcome.

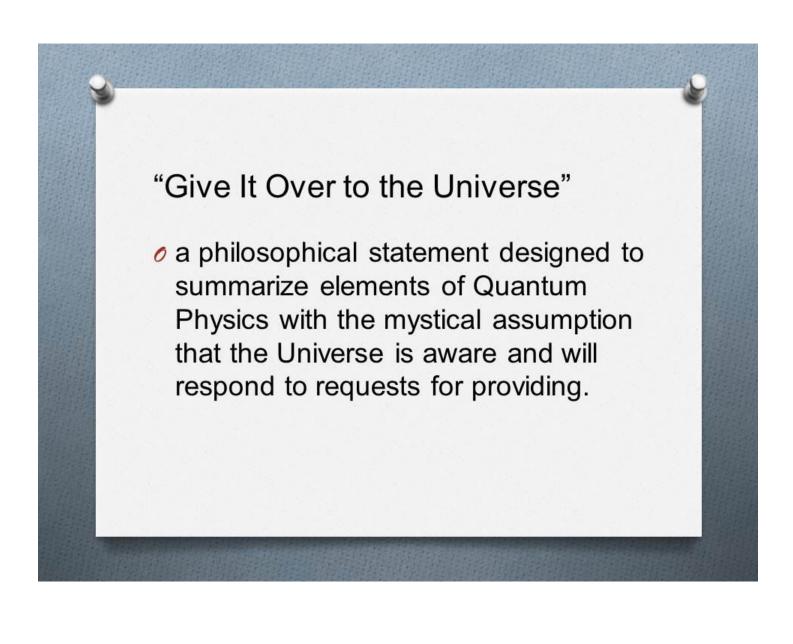
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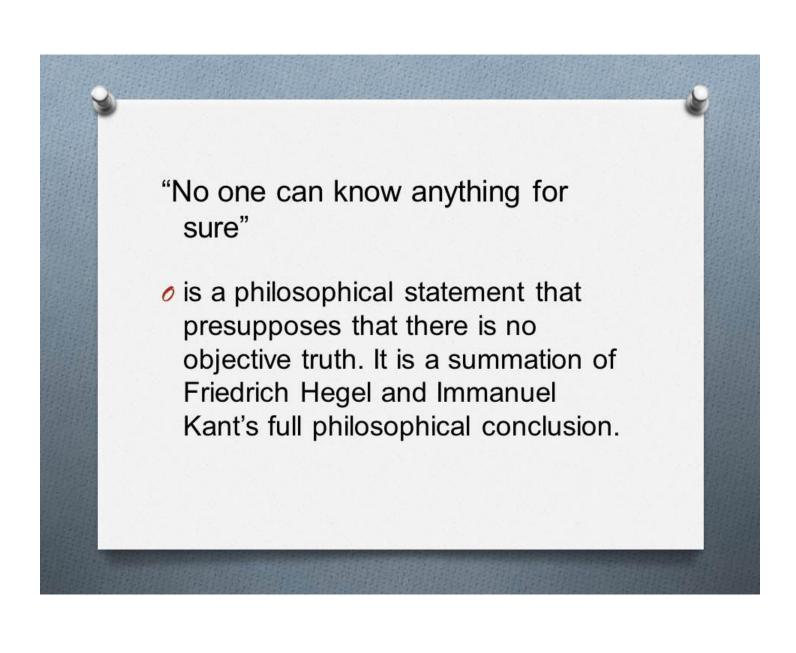
394 For those of you who are familiar with the acronym 395 T.U.L.I.P., with what you've heard me talk about here, 396 the progression of philosophy and how it fits together, 397 go ahead and think. Search or evaluate [SOUNDS 398 LIKE 00:25:58 Take each of the doctrines and start to 399 pull them apart. The total depravity, the unconditional 400 election, the irresistible grace, the perseverance of the 401 saints, begin to pull those doctrines apart and notice 402 how they fit into the progression that I've discussed.

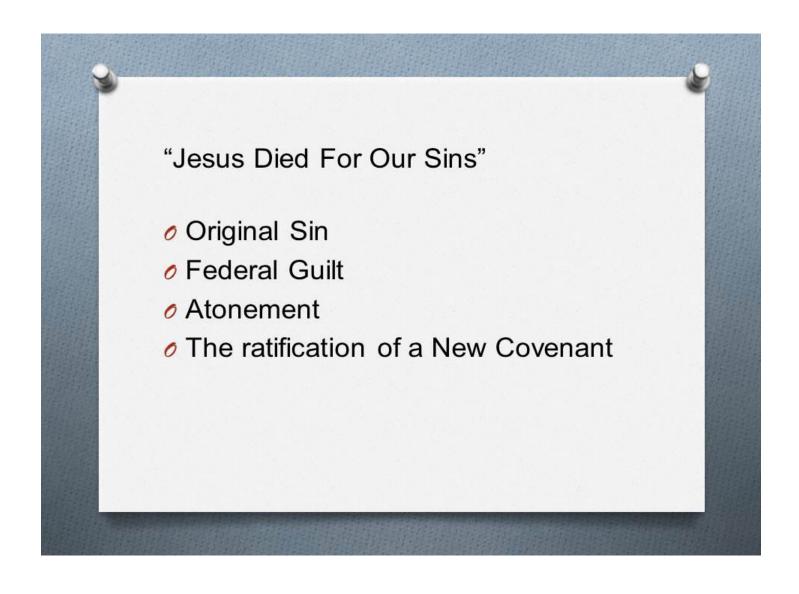
Now you can grasp where this all comes from. It's not an accident. It heads in the exact same way every time. And every time this body of doctrine has risen its ugly head in the world, with one exception, it, it has led to bloodshed and destruction. It goes to political force. It goes to civil force. This is where it ends. And now you understand where tyranny really comes from.

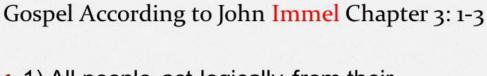
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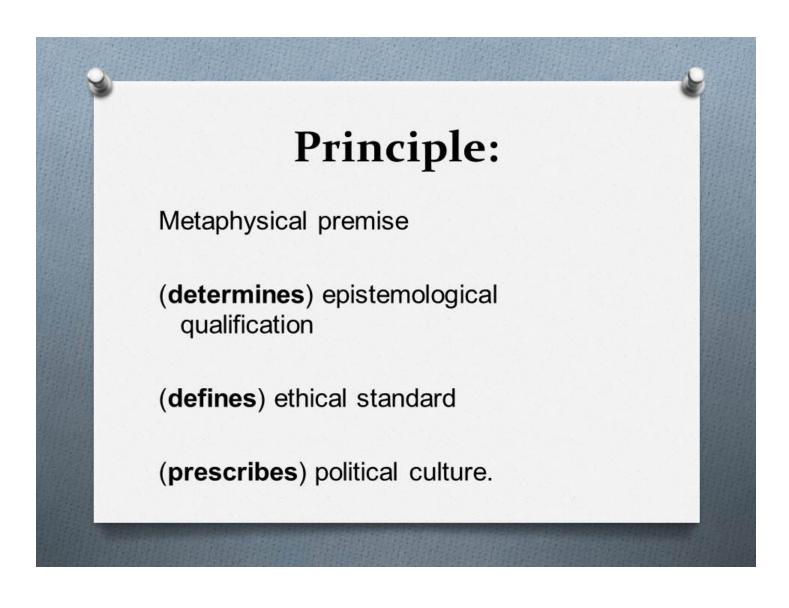


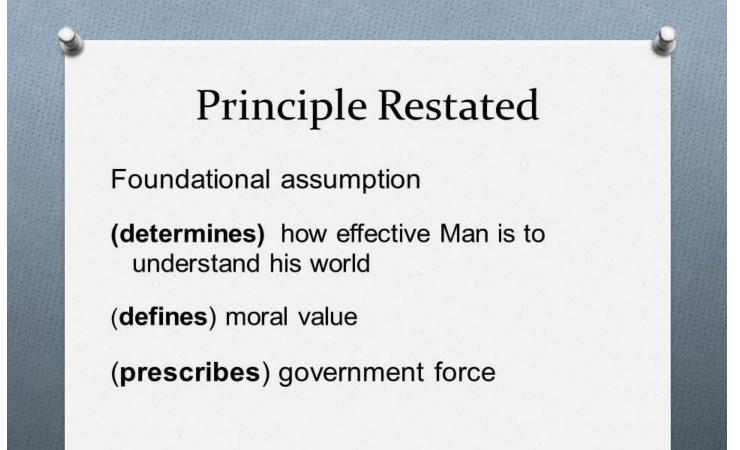


- 1) All people act logically from their assumptions.
- 2) It does not matter how inconsistent the ideas or insane the rationale, they will act until the logic is fulfilled.
- o 3) Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the same destructive actions, find the assumptions and you will find the cause.

Philosophy

- The nature of existence: Metaphysics.
- How we know what we know: Epistemology.
- How we value what we know: Ethics.
- How we interact with people: Politics.







This world is a mere reflection of other worldly FORMS

(determines) Man cannot know TRUTH, because he experiences the imperfect shadow world

(defines) only select men of the highest character and longstanding study achieve enlightenment

(prescribes) philosopher kings should govern the great unwashed



History is a community fight over resources

(**determines**) the community establishes TRUTH

(defines) all members of the community must work for the common good, which is the collective will

(prescribes) a government that forces each person to produce according to his ability that it be given to each according to his need



Original Sin means the Fall of Man

(determines) Man is corrupt in his very nature and cannot know GOOD

(defines) Man has no ethical standard because he has no GOOD

(prescribes) God is the Father, and the Holy Mother Church is the mother disciplining a wayward humanity



Universal Guilt = the metaphysical presumption

Mass Incompetence = Man's epistemological determination

Dictated Good = the prescribed function of Government

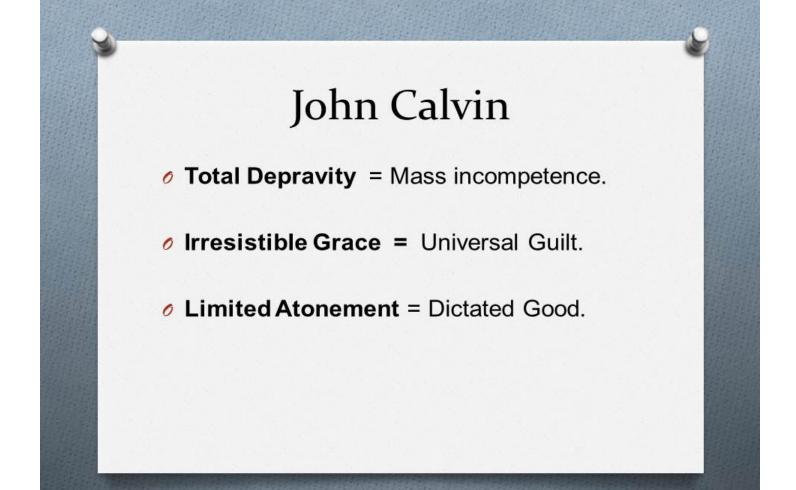
Calvin

Pervasive Depravity has fully corrupted the whole of human existence .

(determines) ALL GOOD is a product of God's specific sovereign action.

(**defines**) Man's life is predetermined in action and outcome.

(**prescribes**) an elect few who are divinely appointed to "shepherd" the flock in God's behalf.



TANC 2012

Paul Dohse Session 3

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[THE DOCTRINE OF INCOMPETENCE]

- 1 Hello. My name is Paul Dohse. This is my third session in this
- 2 conference, the 2012 First Annual Conference on Gospel
- 3 Discernment and Spiritual Tyranny. This third session is good
- 4 news because it's of sorts a summation of my other two talks, and
- 5 I'm sure that is really good news.

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- 7 In what I said in my second session, it begs the question, do these
- 8 New Calvinists, who again I contend that have Reformation
- 9 theology correct, it would seem as if, Paul, if they really hold to
- this doctrine, there would be an idea inherent in it that we can lose
- our salvation. Do I think they would ever come right out and say
- that? Heavens, no. In essence, do they do say that? I think they do.

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- 14 Let me kick off this third session with a quote, and this is by
- 15 Michael Horton. He says, and I believe what is an excerpt from
- page 62 of the book, *Christless Christianity*, he says the following:
- 17 "Where we land on these issues," that is of the gospel, "is perhaps
- 18 the most significant factor in how we approach our own faith and
- 19 practiced and communicated to the world. If not only the
- 20 unregenerate but the regenerate are always dependent at every
- 21 moment on the free grace of God disclosed in the gospel, then
- 22 nothing can raise those who are spiritually dead or continually give
- 23 life to Christ's flock but the spirit working through the gospel."
- When this happens, i.e., let me insert, when this happens, what's
- 25 this? "When somebody gets saved or continues to have spiritual
- 26 life as believers, not just once but every time we encounter the
- 27 gospel afresh, the spirit progressively transforms us into Christ's
- image. Start with Christ, that is, the gospel, (That's his statement.)
- and you get sanctification in the bargain. Begin with Christ," but
- 30 I'll make a reference back to his own parenthesis, "Begin with

31 Christ, that is the gospel, and move on to something else and you 32 lose both." Both what? Justification and sanctification. 33 34 Again, I ask, how can these guys get away with saying these things 35 in broad daylight? Does that quote not summarize the points that I 36 have made? He uses the word "lose," not me. Okay? He's saying 37 that the way a Christian grows spiritually is no different than what 38 an unbeliever needs to start with. He says whether a person is 39 saved or is growing, it's all in gospel. He's saying these things, not 40 me. 41 42 Do you remember, and this is in my notes, I'm going to read this 43 again quickly. And this is in my notes. I'm just going to insert this 44 in, and maybe you can make the connection. But he said, "Where 45 we land on these things is perhaps the most significant factor in 46 how we approach our own faith and practice and communicate to 47 the world if not only the unregenerate but the regenerate are 48 always dependent at every moment on the free grace of God 49 disclosed in the gospel, then nothing can raise those who are 50 spiritually dead or continually give life to Christ's flock but the 51

spirit working through the gospel. When this happens, not just

once, that every time we encounter the gospel afresh, the spirit

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53 progressively transforms us into Christ's image. Start with Christ,

54 that is the gospel, and you get sanctification in the bargain. Begin

55 with Christ, then move on to something else, and you lose both."

57 Okay, this is the John Calvin Institutes of the Christian Religion 58 translated by Henry Beveridge, I believe, and I refer you to page 59 509. And towards the bottom, here is what Calvin says. He says, 60 "Therefore, we must have this blessedness not once only." What's

he talking about in context to salvation? "Therefore, we must have

62 this blessedness not once only, but must hold fast during the whole 63 of our lives." Okay. Ooh, [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:07:23 a bit of an 64 issue there holding our salvation fast but not much. He continues, 65 "Moreover, the message of reconciliation with God is not 66 promulgated for one or two days, but it's declared to be perpetual 67 in the church." He's saying reconciliation is perpetual. What's 68 reconciliation? Reconciliation is justification. Right? He's saying 69 right here, John Calvin, that justification is perpetual. Really? 70

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Progressive justification?

72 Now this concept in Reformed theology is referred to as 73 progressive sanctification when really what they mean is 74 progressive justification. Well, Paul, then why do they call it 75 progressive sanctification? Are you saying they're deceptive? Well, 76 yes, I am saying they were deceptive, but let me be nice too about 77 it. They're saying it's progressive sanctification because they see 78 the two as being the same thing, right? Okay? So they're really not 79 lying. It's a lie that they're not lying. Maybe the only place in 80 human activity where lying but not lying is possible. But they can 81 call it, again, they can call it progressive sanctification because 82 they believe the two are the same. Do I believe that when they use 83 the term progressive sanctification, do I think they know that a lot 84 of the evangelical speak they're talking about, the more traditional 85 gospel chart where the chain is broken and discipleship is severed 86 from justification? Yes, I think they know that.

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So anyway, we have Calvin here saying that justification is progressive or perpetual. So it's progressive justification, which if you've gone to Bible College of Saint Mary, the term progressive justification would certainly raise some eyebrows and some red flags real quick which they call progressive sanctification because

they see the two as being the same. I continue, "Hence," Calvin continues, "believers have not even to the end of life any other righteousness that which is they're described, that is the righteousness of Christ. So," note, "in order for us to continue to have that righteousness, justification must be perpetual." Are you beginning to see the problem here?

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100 He continues, "Christ ever remains a mediator to reconcile the 101 Father to us. And there is a perpetual efficiently in his death." 102 That's progressive amputation. That's progressive amputation of 103 Christ's righteousness to remain just before God. Okay? "Ablution, 104 satisfaction, expiation, in short, perfect obedience by which all our 105 iniquities are covered. That is what, the perfect obedience of 106 Christ." So what he's saying here is that reconciliation in perfect 107 obedience is perpetually imputed to us, imputed to us, throughout 108 sanctification. That's why these guys can speak of the total 109 depravity. They don't say total depravity in the sense but that's 110 what it is. That's how we can be totally depraved and still saved, 111 you know, if we allow Christ or live a certain formula where Christ 112 obeys for us. If we obey on our own, we're messing up the links of 113 the chain.

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115 He continues, "In the Epistle to the Ephesians, Paul says not that 116 the beginning of salvation is of grace but by grace you are saved, 117 not of works lest any man should boast." So there Calvin uses a 118 justification verse in context of sanctification which is filled with 119 New Calvinist M.O. all the time. It's amazing what totally inept 120 Christians can find out on their own when they stop taking the 121 word of men, especially Reformed theologians and say to 122 themselves, "You know, even though I'm incompetent, just for the 123 heck of it, I think I'll read it more for myself." You know, I've been

124 listening all these years about what a great guy Calvin is and what 125 he believes. You know, just for the heck of it, I think I'll put my 126 nose in the Calvin Institutes and read it for myself." It's 127 surprisingly fun. 128 129 Now the story of the New Calvinism in the second gospel wave 130 begins with the long debated dilemma amongst the Seventh Day 131 Adventists, believe it or not. And this gets us back full circle in 132 regard to my teachings. 133 134 Let me just disregard the notes and summarize this. But the 135 Seventh Day Adventists, call it denomination whatever you want 136 to refer to them as, their whole doctrine was founded on this 137 golden chain of salvation that's linear. Therefore, throughout 138 Seventh Day Adventists' history, there's been this debate on how 139 we properly co-labor with God to finish our justification because 140 the two are the same. And the Seventh Day Adventists had all of 141 these different debates going on and theories for how that's done 142 and supposedly in accordance to the Scripture. But a major theme 143 in all that was the idea that Christ forgives us and saves us for all 144 of our past sins, but with the enablement of the Holy Spirit, we are 145 enabled to finish our own justification. 146 147 Now Christians don't have a problem with being enabled with the 148 will of kingdom living. We do have a problem with being enabled 149 to finish our justification. That's a problem. That's impossible

Now Christians don't have a problem with being enabled with the will of kingdom living. We do have a problem with being enabled to finish our justification. That's a problem. That's impossible because for one thing, we can't keep the law perfectly. So the Seventh Day Adventists have this thing called the investigative judgment where the prime goal of the Seventh Day Adventist was to ready yourself for the judgment with the help of the Holy Spirit.

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So there's this underlying angst amongst the SDA faithful. It was

155 kind of an angst that was building up under the surface because 156 deep down no one was buying it. They saw their own sins every 157 day and their own perfections every day. So this whole preparing 158 yourself with the help of the Holy Spirit, of course, to be ready for 159 that one final judgment was kind of a don't ask don't tell amongst 160 the Seventh Day Adventists, but you have this pressure building 161 underneath.

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163 So a Seventh Day Adventist theologian comes along, a well-164 respected one, and he saw overall in SDA theology, in preaching in 165 SDA churches a devaluing and a continuing de-emphasis on the 166 teaching of being ready for the final judgment. And that was very 167 unsettling to him. So he set out to investigate this and found out by 168 and large that the SDA faithful were not buying it. So this man 169 named Robert Brinsmead, a very intelligent man, noted the fact 170 that there was this Seventh Day Adventists motif that taught that 171 the Seventh Day Adventists were the gatekeepers of Reformation 172 theology. So he said, "I know. I'll immerse myself in Reformation 173 theology." And he came up with an illustration that he thus thought 174 - well, it was his contention that through these studies that he 175 rediscovered the true Reformation theology. And the truth of the 176 Reformation theology that had been lost was the fact that we don't 177 have to prepare for any judgment to be found just in the last day. 178

When we come to that judgment, Christ stands in our place.

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So this underlying angst amongst the Seventh Day Adventists just explodes because to them, do you think that was good news? I would think so. Wow! I don't have to do anything to prepare for this judgment that I know is bogus anyway because even with the help of the Holy Spirit, this ain't gonna happen. I'm not gonna withstand the judgment. It's a bunch of hooey.

186 187 So there's this exploding movement called the awakening 188 movement. And what happened after that is Robert Brinsmead 189 teamed up with a think-tank because Robert Brinsmead said, "You 190 know what? The reason that's true authentic Calvinism has been 191 lost through the years is it's not properly systematized." And two 192 other Anglican theologians by the names of Geoffrey Paxton and 193 Graeme Goldsworthy agreed with him, and later they were joined 194 by a guy named Jon Zens, and they started the think-tank called the 195 Australian Forum, and they systematized this doctrine. And boy, 196 were they ever right, because it eventually became what we have 197 today in New Calvinism. But if you would pan over to the screen, 198 here is an illustration from their theological journal that is a 199 pictorial of the crux of the doctrine. The righteousness of Christ 200 remains totally outside of the believer, even in salvation. 201 202

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Now let's not stray far away from my major theme. Do you think that is a good illustration of the incompetence of man? I would say so. Well, we're not [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:21:53 left side. You probably can't read it, but the man with Christ within is Romanism, perfectionism, dualism, legalism, antinomianism, optionalism, Pentecostalism, evangelical subjectivism. And then on the right side where Christ is totally without, you have grace, justification, perfection because it's not anything to do with us. You say, "Well, how that does work?" No time to get into it in this conference, all right? They have a way to make it sound good. But this is it. This is it.

212 213

214 Now I'm going to conclude with this, because my wife, Susan 215 Dohse, and myself are writing a couple of books that's going to 216 delve in to how they make this work, how Calvin and Luther made it work. And we're going to into this in detail in the second volume
of *The Truth About New Calvinism and the Reformation Myth*.

This chart is from *The Truth About New Calvinism, Volume 1*where I go into detail how New Calvinism got from the Australian

Forum to where it is today, to New Calvinism. I traced it all the

223 way back. Then I go into some detail about how they make this

work and how Christ supposedly obeys for us in sanctification in

the latter chapters.

Australian Forum.

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Here is the chart I want to finish it with. And by the way, when I wrote *The Truth About New Calvinism*, I wasn't concerned whether New Calvinists contention or Robert Brinsmead contention that they were really teaching authentic Reformation theology. I wasn't my main concern. My main concern was now in this day. I wanted to know the contemporary source of it, which lead to the

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235 Now when I first met John Immel for dinner to discuss the 236 Reformation manuals, I must interject here that I owe him much of 237 what I've learned about this over the past couple of months. We 238 were having dinner, and I started off the conversation by handing 239 him a copy of The Truth About New Calvinism, and I'll never 240 forget this, he would page through and kind of skim over, take a 241 bite of his appetizer, take a drink of his soda, read a couple of 242 pages and kind of skim through. I think he stopped on page 43, 243 dead in his tracks, put his pop down, put his appetizers down, 244 looked closely at this illustration that I believe is on page 43 in the 245 book, it's a spiral bound book, he folded it back to reveal just that 246 one page, laid it down on the table, took it, slid it in front of me, 247 and said, "That's what Luther and Calvin believed." Really? So that

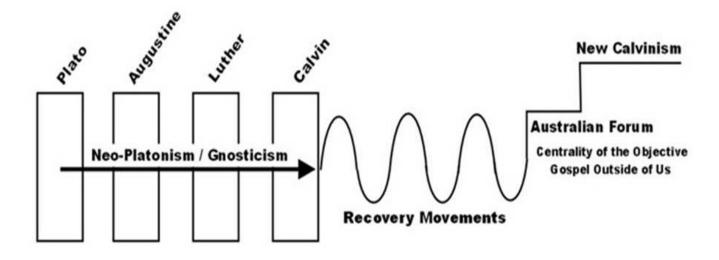
set me on a path. I most certainly didn't take his word for it. But much of what I presented in this conference comes from what I learned after John Immel pointed me in the right direction.

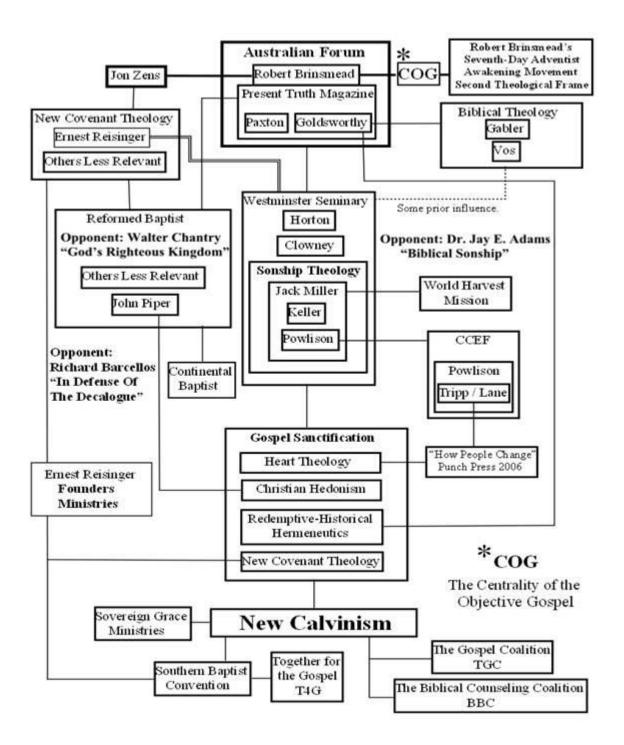
Now I close with this. We don't have time to get into all this in the conference, but this is it in a nutshell. But Susan and I will delve into this in great detail in the two books that we're writing. Augustine took the basic philosophies that drove Platonism and integrated it in to biblical theology. Luther and Calvin got their gospel of incompetence from Augustine. And I submit to you that the chart presented by the Australian Forum is the epitome of that gospel of incompetence.

Now due to the fact, you see there under recovery movements, the wave-looking thing that goes up and down, this movement of reformed Reformation doctrine dies out from time to time. Quickly, why does it die out? Because doing the gospel over and over and over again and experiencing the things that Susan experienced in her life gets old and people start asking questions. Secondly, 7-Eleven music gets old. What's 7-Eleven music? It's seven verses about Jesus repeated eleven times, okay? The gospel, if you will. And thirdly, along with this doctrine of incompetence, this gospel of incompetence always comes spiritual tyranny, control, like Calvin's Geneva. New Calvinism is hardcore, Geneva style Reformation doctrine. It's an attempt to return back to those roots. It dies out because of those factors that I just related to you. Then there are recovering movements. Those are the high point. Go over the Australia Forum. And what you can call the crux of this doctrine of incompetence, Reformation theology, it's primarily known in those circles as the centrality of the objective gospel outside of us. That is the technical name for Reformation theology

279 and what the Australian Forum, in fact, rediscovered. And unlike 280 the other recovery/discovery movements, the Australia Forum 281 systematized it and thus it launched it into oblivion. 282 283 Will it die out again? We don't know because it's never been 284 articulated and systematized and embellished professionally and 285 masterfully as it has in our day. But this we can do. We can rise up 286 and prevent it from ever coming back. We can hasten the death 287 that it's always died because the spiritual tyranny of it has run its 288 course. And in our day, spiritual tyranny and spiritual abuse is big 289 on the radar screen in our day in the church. Why is that? It's 290 because of those recovery movements. The truth of the doctrine 291 finally catches up to them and history catches up to them; people 292 get sick of the tyranny. They get sick of the Gnostic-like cybernetic 293 loot that keeps recycling the gospel. And it dies. 294 295 Now we can do two things as a church. We can rise up and we can 296 hasten that rightful death. And then we can educate Christians and 297 keep it from coming back. And I pray with all my heart to God that 298 He strengthens us and enables us to do that. Thank you for your 299 attention. 300 301 302 303 [END OF TRANSCRIPT]







TANC 2012

Susan Dohse Session 3

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[INCOMPETENT TO COUNSEL]

- 1 Hi. I'm Susan Dohse, and I am going to begin my third talk. But
- 2 before I do, I want to preface what I have to say with this tissue.
- 3 Some of the things that I'm going to talk to you about are fresh in
- 4 my memory, and the wounds are not totally healed, so I may tear
- 5 up. And I just ask that you bear with me as I work through this
- 6 talk.

7

- 8 My third talk is entitled "Incompetent Counseling." It would
- 9 appear that after graduation from Cedarville, teaching in a
- 10 Christian school, and being married to a pre-seminary student was
- 11 close to perfect. How many of you recall the country song "No
- 12 One Knows What Goes On Behind Closed Doors"? Red flag
- started popping up before Wayne and I were married. Comments
- made in his letters, long written discussions back and forth about
- issues that I assumed were already settled in heaven, so to speak,
- and then a long period of time of no communication at all with no
- explanation of why when his letters resumed. Most of the time his
- letters were full of eagerness to be married and less and less of
- 19 full-time Christian service. He never wrote about the weekend-
- 20 long parties he and his MP friends held revolving around drinking
- 21 and marijuana smoking. In Korea, alcohol was cheap at the PX,
- and marijuana was even cheaper from the Korean dealers. When
- 23 time to return to the States neared, he shipped his belongings to my
- parents' home in Louisville where I was staying until our wedding
- 25 in July. Hidden in his belongings was his stash of marijuana. Until
- 26 he found a dealer in the States, at least he had some handy.

- 28 On our honeymoon, Wayne brought up the slide projector and
- 29 slides he had taken of Korea--the beautiful people, the land, the
- 30 Asian culture, and his friends and their parties. He explained that it
- 31 was all behind him. It was just a passing curiosity, and it wasn't all

32 that great anyway. My brother found Wayne a job at A. O. Smith 33 in Tipp City, and it was a third shift machinist job. It was perfect 34 for Wayne to work at night, take classes in the afternoon, and still 35 get enough sleep to return to work. It was perfect for Wayne to 36 work at night, skip classes and get high in the afternoon, and sleep 37 it off so he could return to work again at night. Within one month 38 of marriage, he had found his dealer, and it was not limited to 39 weed. My husband was on a quest for the perfect high, and that 40 lasted for over thirty-five years. LSD, speed, uppers, downers, in-41 betweeners, cocaine, combined with beer and hard liquor in 42 various combinations and amounts. At one of his places of 43 employment, his supervisor was the dealer and was humorously 44 labeled "The Pharmacist." I was naïve, always forgiving, always in 45 denial.

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47 After a few months of marriage, the mind games began. He knew I 48 would not do drugs, but the mind games played in order for me to 49 approve or allow the drug usage in the home, to have parties in our 50 home began. When Wayne started badgering about the 51 harmlessness of weed, I had no room to be critical because I had 52 never tried it. And besides, it would enhance our love life. I 53 became very, very concerned but could not tell anyone at church. It 54 was too embarrassing. And by now he had lost the job at A. O. 55 Smith because of poor attendance. He had flunked out of 56 Cedarville because of poor class attendance. And I needed the job 57 at Xenia Christian until he could find another one. So I practiced 58 what Xenia Christian had taught me: look the part on the outside 59 and keep silent.

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61 Church attendance became an issue. I was attending alone because

Wayne wanted to be at home in order to do his drugs. And now

63 another addiction was added: pornography. When asked where 64 Wayne was, my answer always was, "Well, you know, he works 65 third shift, and this is his sleep time." The pastor came to our home 66 to counsel Wayne and to encourage him to attend church more. 67 Well, I was happy because I wanted Wayne to be confronted and 68 challenged in regards to his lifestyle. Instead, the pastor sat across 69 from Wayne in our living, accepted the answer that it was hard to 70 come on Sundays because of this third shift schedule, but he would 71 try harder in the future. The pastor leaned forward, looked at 72 Wayne, and asked, "Are you okay?" Well, inwardly, I was 73 screaming, "No! No! He's not fine. I'm not fine." "Yes, pastor. I'm 74 fine." "I thought so. I knew you were okay." He stood up, shook 75 Wayne's hand, and left. Wayne turned to me and said, "I told you I 76 was okay. Even the pastor thinks I'm okay. So get off my case." 77 78 Over the course of Wayne's hunt for the perfect high, he was 79 beaten with bricks on the west side of Dayton and almost killed 80 while attempting to buy cocaine, wrecked a new Bronco, and was 81 almost killed trying to return home from a party, received multiple 82 DUIs, spent thousands of dollars to [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 83 00:06:33 to get him off with little or no consequences. He barely 84 escaped getting a felony DUI and was sentenced to eighteen 85 months in jail. No one knows what goes on behind closed doors. 86 My only counsel was from the pulpit and from Christian radio 87 teachers. And that lack of counsel drove me to the brink of suicide. 88 According to my pastors and the radio teachers, I was the cause of 89 my husband's addictions because I was not a submissive woman. 90 All I needed to do was to be a total Christian wife, submissive. 91 And then your husband will conform to God's will. The best 92 counsel I received was from an unsaved friend at work. "Susan,

why don't you just turn off the radio?" I did.

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95 After fifteen years of marriage and being told we could not have 96 children, we found out I was pregnant. I was so pregnant I was six 97 and a half months due before I knew. Xenia Christian informed me 98 that the day after Timothy was born, I would no longer have a job 99 because working mothers were not allowed to teach at Xenia 100 Christian. After some negotiating I was allowed to finish the 101 school year. I was relieved. Because of his heavy drug usage and 102 alcohol consumption, not much money was going to the household 103 budget. Wayne switched to third shift so he could take care of 104 Timothy while I was at school. And this was a blessing. And 105 Wayne really enjoyed being a daddy to his newborn son. Hope was 106 on the horizon. Maybe being a parent would change things.

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108 It was when Timothy was six months old that Wayne did not come 109 home from work. I had no other childcare backup plan. It was 110 finals week. I had no sick days left. I didn't know what to do. I 111 didn't know who to call. So I packed Timothy up and hid him 112 under my desk. I felt I cannot let the principal know that I had my 113 baby with me. I later paid one of my students to watch him in the 114 nursery. And then when I went down to lunch to see him, the 115 principal was there waiting for me and asked why I brought 116 Timothy to school. Why, I broke down and told him the whole 117 ugly story about Wayne, cocaine, and how Wayne didn't come 118 home last night. His answer was that I was not to return to my 119 classes. He would administer the tests. And then we would speak 120 later.

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The next day I was called to the principal's office. This time to be told that I could finish up the school year, that if I could not find child care for Timothy, I would have to miss school with no pay. I was no longer needed at the faculty meetings, he said, and I could no longer be more than a classroom teacher. I was to limit my contact with the students outside of the classroom, because Wayne's behavior was a reflection upon me. And I was a poor testimony to the young people of what a Christian marriage was to look like.

Soon after that experience, Timothy and I began attending another church in Xenia. Well, it's actually the church building we now live in. The bible teaching was refreshing and accepting, the people welcomed us. It was a relief from what I've been exposed to at the other church. After not being allowed to return to teaching at Xenia Christian, I was hired at the Ohio Veterans' Children's Home as a fourth grade teacher. The night before my first day of work, Wayne was arrested for DUI. I called my parents. They drove through the early morning hours from Louisville to watch Timothy and to bail Wayne out of jail. What a way to begin my new job teaching behaviorally-challenged boys and girls who came to OVCH via route of the juvenile court system.

After my bad experience with counseling from my first pastor, I was reluctant to seek counseling from a new pastor that I really did not know. So I continued what I had been taught: play the part, keep silent. After Philip was born, our third son, the downward spiral continued--the DUIs, the money spent for lawyers. One week in rehab at the hospital, Wayne said it always looks good to a judge to show that you are getting help. Weekend counseling required from the court system on the dangers of drinking and driving, taught by a citizen of Yellow Springs who said, "I know you're gonna keep on doing what you're doing. You just pay me \$500 to tell you how not to get caught again."

Eventually, I went for counseling from the pastor. I was told to guit my job teaching and stay home. It was because I worked outside the home that Wayne did what he did. And if I obey God's word and stayed home, things would change. I explained that I needed help with someone watching Philip for a short while because Wayne was in jail again, but this time it was for eighteen months. In short, the pastor refused basically because if I was not working outside of the home, I wouldn't be needing childcare. For the women at Calvary to help me would be facilitating my rebellion and lack of submission to my husband.

While in jail this last time, Wayne rededicated his life to the Lord and purposed in his heart to remain sober and to teach others from God's word how to stay sober, the right start, right step Christian version of AA. For two and a half years, sobriety was a blessing and hope was on the horizon. Wayne was counseling six or more men, and there was a semblance of peace in our home ... until he returned to drinking. After being caught and confronted, he walked forward at church, repented, genuinely repented, but was no longer allowed to teach the right start, right step program. He was to train a pastor. He could sit in on classes but no longer lead them.

Gradually, all the men left the group, and all but one returned to their addictions, including Wayne. This time he put his heart and soul into drinking and pornography, claiming all the while that he had all things under control. Alcohol, pornography, and raising teenagers do not mix. And what resulted was physical altercations between Wayne and the two older boys. My two older sons begged me to do something. Leave Wayne before someone gets hurt. My reply was, "Leaving may be in the picture, boys, but divorce is

187 not." I made a covenant of marriage. And if I had to leave with the 188 three boys in order to be safe, that was one thing. Divorce was 189 another. Besides, the Lord would help me make the decision, not 190 two teenage boys. The marriage shut down. I worked two jobs, did 191 all the driving because Wayne had lost his license, and I lived on 192 survival mode. 193 194 The counseling I received from the pastor was the same, this time 195 with an added twist. If I did not do what the pastor suggested, I 196 would lose reward in heaven. I stopped going to his counseling. 197 My oldest son began attending Dayton Avenue Baptist Church 198 with some friends and encouraged me to try it. I would really enjoy 199 the contemporary music, and Pastor John's preaching was really 200 different. So I took Tim up on it. And I agreed. The music was 201 wonderful; the preaching was different. 202 203 It was a couple of months later that I told Pastor Hart [SOUNDS 204 LIKE] that I was leaving and going to Dayton Avenue. Pastor Hart 205 told me that I was not allowed to leave. I was a member forever. 206 We are family, and you are not allowed to leave. Wow. My answer 207 was not exactly a sanctified one. I remember pointing at the door 208 and saying, "Do you see that door? I'm walking through it. And I'm 209

not looking back."

210

211 Not to make a repeated mistake, I made an appointment with 212 Pastor John to inquire more about the church and if Dayton 213 Avenue was willing to counsel a dysfunctional family. 214 Surprisingly, maybe not surprisingly, his answer was, "No. I am 215 not comfortable. I am not qualified to counsel you and your family. 216 Oh, but I'll go contact Cedarville University and find someone who 217 could counsel you." I did not take him up on it.

Wayne began attending church with us and even attending the men's bible study and men's breakfast. Hope was on the horizon. I went to one of the men Wayne really admired and shared with him about Wayne's drinking problem, and Charles was willing to continue to pray for Wayne and even come over and talk with him and encourage him to keep coming to the men's fellowship. But when two of the men tried to come over and speak with Wayne directly about his addictions, Wayne refused. He stopped attending church and the men's fellowship. His reason, I had tainted the men's thinking of him. These two men remained faithful to Wayne in praying for him and trying to reach out to him until Wayne passed away.

Wayne's drinking caused multiple health problems--depression, diabetes, and congestive heart failure. Because he could no longer physically go to work, he was fired again. In December of 2009, he was admitted to the hospital, crashed in the emergency room, brought back to life, and spent a week in the hospital getting stabilized. They wanted him to go to a nursing home because the doctor felt I would no longer be able to care for him at home. He refused. He came home on a Friday, had a pretty good Saturday, a great Sunday watching the Bengals lose. He reminded me on that day that he wanted to be cremated, and whatever else I wanted to do if he died was up to me. He died the next day in his sleep. We held his memorial service the following January 9th.

Then came Paul. By the time I met Paul, I was steeped in stinking thinking what I had been taught and what I had learned I thought and behaved accordingly. My three boys were amiss. Tim told me he didn't think he believed all that stuff anymore. Ben is now a

single father, paying child support and sharing custody with his exgirlfriend. Philip went through a rough rebellious time attempting to follow the footsteps of his brothers. Then came Paul with his competent to counsel mindset, opening the Word of God and showing our family how God's word has the answers to our problems, specifically. And it had to do with thinking and doing.

What I want you to take from this talk, men's preferences are not as sharp and cutting as the word of God. Respect one another's preferences but be careful not to place them in as high regard as the Holy Word of God. Pastors, if you stood in the pulpit and told your congregation that you did not feel comfortable or qualified to preach or teach, how would you expect your congregation to respond? Become competent to counsel from God's word. It will be life and health to your church. Husbands, pastor your families from God's word at home. It will be a level of worship you will not experience in any organized church worship service, and the life and health it will give your family will be felt for eternity. I love you, Philip. I love you, Paul.

[END OF TRANSCRIPT]

TANC 2012

John Immel Session 3

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[TYRANNY S CONSUMATION]

1 Hi. My name is John Immel. This is my third 2 presentation tonight for this conference. I wrote a book 3 called Blight in the Vineyard. It addresses the roots 4 and myths of spiritual tyranny and the impact that it 5 is having on Christianity. Paul Dohse was kind enough 6 to ask me to come present here today, and it's been my 7 goal to - first to engage people, challenge them to want 8 to understand, to want to think about the scope of 9 these issues. The second part of my goal is to educate 10 and to give them some sense, some place to put this 11 whole unfolding evolution of Christian thought in 12 modern American Christianity.

13

14 While the conference deals with New Calvinism, the 15 reality is this is actually very old Calvinism. These 16 ideas go back millennia. In my last session, I 17 addressed the concept of metaphysics, epistemology, ethics, and politics. And then I explained how that 18 19 progression produces specific outcomes. The principle 20 that I highlighted was all metaphysical premise 21 determine epistemological qualification. That defines 22 ethical standards, and ethical standards prescribe 23 political culture. Said another way, foundational 24 assumptions determine how effective man is to 25 understand his world. This defines man's moral value, 26 and his moral values prescribe the government use of 27 force.

28

I'm going to draw your attention to the PowerPoint here, and I want you to notice something. Polity, government, force. In Christian service, we talk about 32 church government we tend to call polity. I'm not 33 exactly sure why. But my goal is to utterly tie polity to 34 force in your minds. Most people fail to understand 35 government is nothing more than a monopoly of force. 36 So polity is ultimately nothing more than a monopoly 37 of force. Of course, as I referenced in my last session, 38 Americans have never had a religious war as such. But 39 in Europe, that's all they knew. From effectively, and 40 this is all off the top of my head, let's start what is 41 effectively the beginning of the Holy Roman Empire as 42 we understand it, I'm going to say 600 AD off the top 43 of my head. Europe was awash in bloodshed. And 44 Protestants didn't fare any better. We'll get to that in a 45 minute on my PowerPoint slides.

46

47 And the reason force becomes the primary crux of 48 these metaphysical issues is because the central fight 49 for the whole of human existence has been who owns 50 man? The leading consensus, the predominant 51 assumption, the conclusion that the vast percentage of 52 human intellectual capital has been invested in has 53 been that man is ultimately the property of the state. 54 Government owns man. It doesn't really matter what 55 government. It doesn't matter what age 56 government is in, whether we're talking Sparta, we're 57 talking Rome, we're talking the Holy Roman Empire 58 and Charlemagne, we're talking sixteenth century, 59 ultimately, the conclusion was that the state owned 60 man. And man's specific function was ultimately to 61 lead his life at the behest of the state, whatever that 62 amounted to.

63

64 If man is a property of the state, the question is what 65 is the moral justification for someone to use force 66 against another? The underlying question within 67 historic Christianity has universally revolved around why they are specifically authorized to define truth. 68 69 From 350 to roughly 450 AD, there was a massive 70 evolution in Christian thought. Up until about 300 AD, 71 Christianity was a marginal religion in a much broader 72 intellectual and religious world. But a series of events 73 brought Christianity to the forefront, an emerged 74 Christianity ultimately with the power of civil 75 This forever changed the patronage. face 76 Christianity. Because the moment you decide that the 77 government is the arbiter of truth and truth is the 78 moral authority to have force, ultimately, the 79 government must be in charge of truth. And if the 80 government is in charge of truth, then the government 81 is in charge of compelling people to believe specific 82 things. They do not have a choice. It goes hand 5.58* 83 in metaphysical hand. Which is why it is important to 84 understand that when Christians talk about polity, 85 they are trying to take some of the sting off the implications of when they talk about church 86 87 government. Because really what they're really saying 88 church government is really church force. 89 Ultimately, when a man insists that he has biblical 90 polity, what he's ultimately advocating is he has the 91 moral right to compel everything else here to conform 92 to what he says.

94 In the unfolding drama with the modern American 95 Christianity, one of the leading things, one of the 96 leading doctrines that comes up over and over and 97 over is the issue of submission and authority. Because 98 when truth is ultimately placed in the hands of 99 somebody in authority, what they're really saying is it's 100 their ultimate right to force people to believe what they 101 believe. Polity is another word for government. 102 Government is really a monopoly of force. The 103 mythology is if people would just somehow get all the 104 right ideas, all the conflict would go away. But that 105 never happens. If people would just do it right, it 106 would never happen. But here's the thing, Islam says 107 that too. They say that if the caliphate ruled the world, 108 all the bloodshed would go away. They call themselves 109 a religion of peace because they ultimately believe that 110 as long as they rule the world, they will enforce utter 111 passivity. The Marxists say the exact same thing. Do 112 you know the reason there's bloodshed is because 113 those dang bourgeoisie won't give up all their money 114 and give it to the proletariat. If we compelled this to 115 happen, there would be no more bloodshed. And this 116 is the specific trap that this always produces. The 117 presumption is that the peace will occur if everybody 118 would just get their ideas right. They would get their 119 mind right, the rest of this will disappear. It never 120 happens. It never happens because it cannot happen. 121 Because the moment you decide that one person, even 122 a group of people, are somehow uniquely qualified to 123 use force to defend truth, you ultimately have religious 124 orthodoxy. Religious orthodoxy and political

125 correctness are ultimately the two heads of the same

beast. The use of government force to tyrannize.

127

128 The religious marketing and packaging always try to

129 portray religious orthodoxy as done on behalf of God.

130 And who can argue with things that are done on behalf

of God? And first of all, God isn't standing here to go

get heard. So it's actually pretty easy. It's pretty easy

133 to represent what you say and what you do as on

behalf of God. Yea, verily, I'm doing it in behalf of God.

135 Where's the plumb line? How do you know? Well,

people pound their Bible. They'll say, "Well, see, it's all

137 said right here." But the moment anybody stands up

and says, "Well, I don't happen to agree with what that

139 says. I don't happen to agree with your conclusion on

140 what that amounts to"? Then what? We don't have a

141 choice. Eventually, somebody's gotta point a gun. I

142 want you to realize that the governing for the glory of

143 God is called theocracy. But in actual fact, theocracy

144 is always oligarchy. Because since God is already

145 standing here and dictating what happens next,

146 ultimately what you have is a select group of men who

147 have somehow magically transformed themselves into

148 the recipient of divine mandate. Which means you

149 ultimately have a very, very small group of men who

believe they are uniquely qualified to define truth for

everyone.

152

151

153 Man: Catholics.

155 I heard Catholics. Yes, absolutely. The dirty little 156 secret, those who have the force define God's 157 existence. So it's very easy for them to say they're 158 doing it on behalf of God because they get to define 159 what that really actually means. They get to define 160 God on their terms. God's will is really the subjective 161 whim of those using force. That's the dirty little secret 162 no one really wants to pay attention to. And this is 163 why faith and force are in fact the destroyers of the 164 world. As long as we are discussing reason, we are 165 discussing the whole of human understanding, 166 rationality, and logic. We are actually having the only 167 exchange that cannot reside to be resolved with 168 violence. We're arguing the elements that are in fact 169 measurable and identifiable by anybody who chooses 170 to enter the conversation. So there is a right answer. 171 There is a good conclusion. There is something out 172 there whereby we can all arrive at the same plumb 173 line. But the moment we say that it is necessarily by 174 faith and by subjectivity, by the definition of a select 175 few, eventually, somebody's got to point a gun. 176 Eventually, we must use force to get the conformity 177 we're after. Now mind you, I didn't come up with this. 178 Ayn Rand is very fond of saying that faith and force are 179 in fact the destroyers of the modern world. Historically, 180 when faith does not work, when the subjective whim of 181 'I just believe' doesn't carry the day in an argument, 182 somebody eventually says, "You know what? I'm gonna 183 compel you to make this happen."

185 In this conference, we have heard one speaker, Sharon 186 [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:11:55 Dohse, discuss one of her 187 encounters with a pastor. She was ready to leave the 188 church. He said, "You can't." What's left? She wants to 189 leave. He says she can't. What's left but force? Now in 190 American culture no one's gonna actually accept the 191 fact that a pastor's going to bar the door on the church 192 and refuse to let her out the door. But that's only 193 because it's here. In the sixteenth century she 194 wouldn't have that choice. They would have tossed her 195 in a dungeon. They would have put her on the rack. 196 They might have burned her at the stake for daring to 197 have the temerity. And actually, you know what? I 198 really went back too far. I took it out of America. 199 Guess what? That's exactly what happened in the 200 theocracy of Massachusetts. That's exactly what 201 happened when a woman wanted to have her own 202 bible study and they threw her out. Then we had the 203 Salem witch trials. Faith and force in the modern 204 world.

205

206 Faith has become a license to subjectivity, which 207 means ultimately, force is the only means to compel 208 other minds to subordination. This is really the source 209 of all religious wars. This is the background history 210 that confronted our Founding Fathers. Our Founding 211 Fathers were the first men to successfully challenge at 212 the root the substantive cause of tyranny. For the first 213 time in the world, our Founding Fathers finally 214 decided, they finally articulated these key elements. 215 Man owns himself. The state is subordinated to the

will of the individuals. Truth can never be the property of the state. This revolution of thought is directly tied to the Enlightenment.

219

220 This the principle restated. Foundational 221 assumptions determine how effective man is to 222 understand his world, which defines moral value, 223 which proscribes government force. Calvin said this: 224 Pervasive depravity has fully corrupted the whole of 225 human existence. This determines that all good is a 226 product of God's specific sovereign action. This defines 227 that man's life is predetermined in action and 228 outcome. This prescribes an elect few who are divinely 229 appointed to shepherd the flock in God's behalf. 230 America is in fact a collision of two diametrically 231 opposed worldviews--the Medieval Reformation and the 232 Enlightenment. Actually, I want to go back to the first 233 point. America is actually a collision of Puritanism and 234 the Enlightenment. Puritanism was a strain of 235 Christianity, the most virulent strain of Christianity, to 236 come out of Europe and to land here. That has always 237 collided with the Enlightenment thought. They came 238 over via some of the men that we will shortly discuss.

239

240 Now consider the opposing worldview. The Founding 241 Fathers had a forum regardless of what their 242 Christianity is. And I understand Christians are very 243 quick to want to equate the Founding Fathers and 244 their specific spiritual lives with modern Christianity, 245 and we are very zealous for making a claim on that. 246 the Founding Fathers believe in But man's

247 competence. That was the central theme of everything 248 that they argued for, that man was specifically 249 competent to self-govern. This is colliding with the 250 Calvin Puritan construct: man equals incompetent. 251 Here are some articles of religion from Puritan 252 thinkers. I'm summarizing. This comes from a number 253 of sources that I haven't listed. 16.16* Sinners in the 254 hands of an angry God is the lingering metaphysical 255 worldview etched in the minds of men declaring God 256 as a vindictive sovereign. Whatever God's benevolence 257 might theoretically represent, ultimately, 258 worldview may seem wrathful and damning. Terror is 259 the only appropriate reaction to divine warrants. Point 260 2 there is actually centered directly in Luther's proper 261 distinction between law and gospel. Point 3, man's 262 depravity requires authoritarian government to stand 263 between yourself and his lascivious impulses. Pride in 264 human ability is man's leading vice and the 265 outworking of wretched deception.

266

267 Puritan leaders' impact on colonial religious life, slide 268 2, salvation is the miracle of being approved access to 269 heaven that this otherworldly utopian is granted or 270 denied according to God's mysterious plan. The 271 unintelligible nature of God's intention in the feeble 2.72. minds of men makes it capricious and malicious to 273 every failing of human existence. Men are merely 274 pilgrims through this worldly realm, a hostile empire 275 fraught with all manner of evil. Man is a depraved 276 entirely ill-suited in the bewildering creature, 277 environments, specifically prone sinful selfto

destruction. The booms of wealth and health are gifts.

279 Therefore, man is merely the steward charged with a

divine trust. The elect are then qualified to dispose of

281 their brothers as the collective sees fit. Stewards in

282 God's appointment rule those siblings granted to their

283 control.

284

285 This is why I point out the ultimate full philosophical 286 power from metaphysics to politics. And this is 287 actually Calvin's role in this entire family. I'll say 288 something nice about John Calvin. He was a genius, 289 truly a genius. Very few human beings on the face of 290 the planet have ever successfully integrated an entire 291 metaphysical statement through epistemology, 292 through ethics, all the way to politics in something 293 that can be digested for human consumption, very few 294 people on the planet. I still think that this body of 295 ideas is the single-most disastrous on the planet ever 296 perpetrated on man, but he was still a genius. But the 297 power of his ideas is the fact that he digested it such 298 that it was easily understandable from start to finish.

301

299

300

offered to the world.

302 Now I want you to notice in the slide here, John Calvin 303 shows up on the scene, his life actually, the important 304 part is in 1536, the Institutes of Christian Religion's 305 first edition. This is the first time that a full 306 Protestant's, loosely stated, evaluation and 307 presentation of Christianity has been offered to the 308 world. Everything up to John Calvin was in fact a

Its power is its full statement. And this is what he

309 Catholic thinker of some form. Between 1660 and 310 1683, John Owen shows up. John Owen is well known 311 and Temptation. Between Calvin's for the book, *Sin* 312 Institutes and John Owen's ultimate philosophical 313 statement within *The Sin and Temptation*, this body of 314 thought ultimately ends up centered in England. 315 Notice, 1642-1646, the First English Civil War. Second 316 English Civil War, 1648-49. Third civil war, 1649-317 1651. I won't expand. It will take a trivial amount of 318 research for you to find the causes of the English Civil 319 War. They were religious wars. They were based on a 320 fight over religious orthodoxy.

321

322 The Puritans in modern American lore are everybody's 323 favorite Thanksgiving story. We like the Puritans 324 because we think they are us. But in actual fact, there 325 was a reason the Puritans were persecuted. They were 326 militant. They were determined to create a theocracy in 327 England. Oliver Cromwell ruled as Lord Protector, 328 1653 to 1658. He called himself the Protestant of 329 Moses.821.35 From my little highlight right there, 330 Puritan migration to New England, 1620 to 1640. For 331 twenty years, the Puritans actually moved out and 332 then landed here in the United States. The active 333 uniformity, the Church of England decided, this is 334 after a series of wars, to dictate a specific form of 335 public prayer--the sacraments, ordination, and church 336 rights. This is what the Church of England did that got 337 [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:22:07. This is what they 338 decided. The Puritans thought the Church of England 339 was far too permissive and decided to take their ball 340 and go home, and then the sectarian rebels decided 341 they must, like the like the modern Neo Reformed 342 crowd, tell everyone to follow them. I find this utterly 343 ironic. They are Puritans. They are separatists. They 344 are people who are actually trying to go set up their 345 own thing. But when given the power, when put in 346 positions of political and civil authority, i.e., put in 347 Massachusetts, what do they create? They create 348 theocracy.

349

The first colonies, the Salem witch trials occurred 350 351 between 1692 and 1693. Again, a trivial amount of 352 research will reveal these were specific religious 353 persecutions, the merging of civil force with religious 354 orthodoxy to create death. Ι could not 355 [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:23:08 I know that is not 356 popular, and those of you catching this on the video, 357 I'm sure that will make you nervous. That's fine. I 358 want you nervous. I want you to see this trends 359 towards violence.

360

361 Jonathan Edwards, the Neo 362 Reformed crowd, Jonathan Edwards is their homeboy. 363 How many of you have ever actually read Sinners in 364 the Hands of a Schizophrenic God, oops, I mean, 365 Sinners in the Hands of a Wrathful God? It's a vicious 366 piece. Vicious. There could not be a greater example of 367 biblical proof-texting in Christianity. Vicious. The fact 368 that that was ever considered a perennial Christian 369 statement is a marvel in my mind.

371 Now I want to make a series of contrast. The 372 Enlightenment begins around 1650, give or take. The 373 Enlightenment thinkers: John Locke, David Hume, 374 Adam Smith. From these men comes the bulk, well, I 375 don't wanna overstate the case. From these men 376 comes a large amount of the foundation thought of 377 human freedom, human competence, and human 378 liberty. Those men specifically were able to influence 379 our Founding Fathers: Benjamin Franklin, not just 380 giving [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 00:24:40 Benjamin Franklin, 381 James Madison and Thomas Jefferson. And I picked 382 these men mostly because they are most well 383 recognized. Thomas Jefferson, of course, is an amazing 384 Enlightenment thinker. And James Madison, we're 385 gonna discuss him specifically shortly. But I want you 386 to notice, the Declaration of Independence, 1776, in an 387 article written by James Madison, A Memorial in 388 Remonstrance Against Religious Assessments. We're 389 going to address this very shortly. And notice that from 390 1776 to 1787 is roughly ten years. Within that ten 391 years, I want you to notice, because he writes this 392 article for a very specific reason. He's going to weigh 393 against the establishment of civil government, civil 394 patronage, and religion.

395

Now watch. Notice that the three wars that I highlighted there are religion wars. I want you to notice the difference. The American Civil War was not a religious war. It was a war specifically fought in pursuit of liberty and freedom. Now I want you to notice the Founding Fathers' clarity on the arguments

402 against merging the state, no matter how small, with 403 ecclesiastical establishments. I wanna spend some 404 time here. This is actually the beginning of the 405 memorial remonstrance against ecclesiastical 406 establishments. This is how James Madison opens 407 this. I'm not gonna read all of this, and I'm not gonna 408 read it length, but I want you to get the specific source 409 of his objection. James Madison: "We, the subscribers, 410 citizens of the said Commonwealth, have taken into 411 serious consideration a bill establishing provision for 412 teachers of the Christian religion and conceiving of the 413 same if finally armed with sanctions of law, will be a 414 dangerous abuse of power."

415

416 There was no illusion here. The nature of Christianity, 417 as our Founding Fathers understood, was that it was a 418 dangerous force to be contended with when it was 419 merged with the power of the state. His first form 420 27.10*: "Because we hold it for a fundamental and 42.1 undeniable truth that religion or the duty which we 422 owe our Creator and the manner of discharging it can 423 be directed only by reason and conviction, not by force 424 and violence." This was revolutionary. Now this idea 425 had actually circulated amongst any number of 426 different sects and any number of different intellectual 427 ties. But for the first time, there was a formal effort to 428 challenge at the root that the nature of faith and the 429 nature of religion could not ever be done by the force 430 of the state when in actual fact it was the 431 responsibility of intellect and reason. This is absolutely 432 an Enlightenment idea.

433

434 Two: "Because the rulers were guilty of such 435 encroachment exceed their commission from which 436 they derive their authority and are tyrants. Because 437 the free men of America did not wait till usurped power 438 has stricken itself by exercise and entangled the 439 question in precedents. They saw all the consequences 440 in the principle, and they avoided the consequences by 441 denying the principle." Hold that thought. Bookmark 442 that in your mind.

443

444 "We revere this lesson too much soon to forget it. Who 445 does not see that the same authority which can 446 establish Christianity, in exclusion of all other 447 religions, may establish with the same ease any 448 particular sect of Christians in exclusion of all other 449 sects?" This is why the historic fight between our 450 minions and Calvinists gained some attraction. 451 Because we were ultimately failing to identify the 452 principle that he is arguing here. The issue is not that 453 necessarily the Arminian perspective versus the 454 Calvinist perspective. The issue here is at central root, 455 man's fundamental competence to master his own life, 456 whatever that means. The reason all other fights, all 457 other doctrinal fights are useless in this instance is 458 because at the root until you defend man's right for 459 moral existence, you're lost.

460

He makes this observation. Point 7: "Because experience witnesses that ecclesiastical establishments during all those fifteen centuries has the legal 464 establishment of Christianity been on trial. What have 465 been its fruits? More or less in all places, pride and 466 indolence in the clergy, ignorance and servility in the 467 and in both, superstition, bigotry 468 persecutions." It is important to understand that our 469 Founding Fathers had no illusions about the nature of 470 what Christianity was and was not. They understood 471 its broad history. They understood what Puritanism is. 472 They understood what the Massachusetts colony 473 theocracy did. For many of them it was close enough 474 to their lifetime that it would not have been war as 475 such as we're learning out of the book. They certainly 476 would have been within striking distance of the 477 religious wars in England and the tides of warfare that 478 swept across the face of the earth.

479

480 James Madison has a lot to say in Point 8. "Because 481 what influence in fact have ecclesiastical 482 establishments had on civil society? In some instances 483 they have been seen to erect a spiritual tyranny on the 484 ruins of civil authority; in many instances they have 485 been seen upholding the thrones of political tyranny; 486 and in no instance have they been seen as the 487 guardians of the liberties of the people." This is one of 488 the most scathing denunciations ever, at no point. And 489 this is why this argument must take place under 490 principle. Until we are in fact seen as guardians of the 491 liberties of the people, all we are doing is rehashing the 492 same arguments, the tyrannies in the spiritual times.

494 Ten years from the Declaration of Independence and 495 the adoption of the U.S. Constitution, I want you to 496 notice that this memorial and remonstrance takes 497 place, deaths [SOUNDS LIKE] 00:32:04 were between 498 these two events. Between the specific overthrow of 499 tyranny, within ten years' time we already have a 500 religious movement, a group of people trying to use 501 civil authority to create patronage. In other words, to 502 create a means by which others from the outside pay a 503 tax to support a given group of individuals merely 504 because they were religious brothers, and the 505 ratification of the Constitution, within ten years.

506

507 Madison is specifically arguing the supremacy of 508 human reason, and he's specifically denouncing the 509 use of civil authority, the merging of religious faith and 510 the power of the state. He is specifically saying it is a 511 menace. This is where this goes. This is where this 512 heads. The current Calvinist defenders can pooh-pooh 513 my point all they like. History is really [SOUNDS LIKE] 514 00:33:07 large over this. I win this argument only 515 because all I have to do is educate on the public 516 record. This is not complicated. This is exactly what's 517 at stake. The Founding Fathers had no illusion about 518 the destructive force of Christian religion, and it is the 519 most virulent forms of Christian thought that the 520 Founding Fathers put absolute barriers in place to 521 curtail this acquisition of civil power.

522

And here was the breath of fresh air for the first time in almost all of human existence. There had been fits 525 and starts in the Magna Carta, rethought [SOUNDS 526 LIKE 00:33:48 opportunity for human liberty, and a 527 couple other opportunities. But for the first time in 528 human history, men sat down and they finally said no. 529 Man is entitled to the sum and substance of his own 530 life. And they penned these words. We hold these 531 truths to be self-evident that all men are created equal, 532 that they are endowed by the Creator with certain 533 inalienable rights that among these are life, liberty, 534 and the pursuit of happiness, that to secure these 535 rights governments are instituted among men deriving 536 their just powers from the consent of the governed that 537 whenever any form of government becomes destructive 538 of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or 539 abolish it, and to institute new governments laying its 540 foundations on such principles and organizing its 541 powers.

542

543 Let's do a contrast. Puritan theology. Man is 544 incompetent. Man is morally guilty. Man needs the 545 force of government to compel him to good action. 546 Government is an unquestionable manifestation of 547 God's appointment. God is wrathful and offers man no 548 rights of existence. God appoints man to 549 predetermined existence of suffering and bondage. 550 God's sovereignty appoints man to slavery. This is the 551 Puritan construct. This is Reformation theology. This 552 is Calvinism. This is the most virulent form of 553 reformation thought.

555 This is what comes out of the Declaration of 556 Independence. Man is competent to understand truth 557 because truth is self-evident. What is the metaphysical 558 presumption behind the Declaration of Independence? 559 That man can understand the world in which he lives, 560 that his epistemology is fully intact, and that by virtue 561 of that ability, truth is self-evident. The equality of 562 human creation endows all with the same right. There 563 is no election to specific privilege. In the modern 564 Calvinism construct, all of the men standing in the 565 pulpits today are claiming a special privilege to stand 566 there. Man has a right to life, liberty, and happiness. 567 The Calvinist construct says there is no such thing, 568 that any effort towards right or life or liberty or the 569 claim to any happiness is in fact a self-deception and a 570 manifestation of your depraved nature. 571 government is a product of human consent. Figure 572 this, for almost 1800 years, the Church had said that 573 it was in fact the divine right of kings to dictate 574 government, that government was in fact divinely 575 appointed. Man had no right to question, for the most 576 part. And that whatever happened was in fact the 577 product of his will. This is the first time in human 578 existence that they've articulated that no, government 579 is actually the product of human consent. I am only 580 governed in as much as I choose to let you govern me. 581 Truth is not the property of the state. The state is in 582 fact the servant of man's defense. This was utterly 583 revolutionary.

585 I stand here today. I am talking at a phone that has a 586 camera that is not too much bigger than the size of my 587 little finger in an air conditioned room surrounded by 588 technology that can only come from human freedom. 589 The advances of man, the things that have eradicated 590 human suffering across the world [UNINTELLIGIBLE] 591 00:37:48 are directly tied to human liberty because in 592 as much as man is free, man is free to think. And in as 593 much as he's free to think, he's free to exchange that 594 value with whoever he chooses to associate with and 595 no one can compel him. He can better his life as he 596 sees fit, and he can solve problems of the beggarly 597 elements of this earth. That was revolutionary.

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599 I stand here in 2012 able to do what a paltry number 600 of human beings had ever been able to do. And it is 601 directly related to this legacy, the legacy of human 602 competence, human freedom, and human liberty. You 603 don't get this with the ideology of the Dark Ages. It 604 does not work. And every place this ideology has 605 manifested itself, it has driven man back to the Dark 606 Ages. Every place it persists in this earth, it produces 607 the Dark Ages. This exact same metaphysical 608 assumptions that are in Calvin are in Augustine. The 609 exact same metaphysical assumptions that are in 610 Augustine are ultimately in Islam. You go to an Islamic 611 country that has not had any exposure 612 Enlightenment ideas, Afghanistan, and you see the 613 exact same paltry existence in human condition. 614 Liberty, freedom, thought, they are absolutely tied

615 together. Human competence, human liberty are 616 essential for the benefit of man.

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618 The Gospel According to John Immel, I've now come 619 full circle in my presentation here. Now you can begin 620 to understand why I've been hammering on this point. 621 The cohesive structure of ideas from the metaphysical 622 premise to the epistemological ability to the ethical 623 understand to the political action, all of them running 624 the line. And that is the answer to my original 625 observation. The Gospel According to John Immel 3:1-626 3. All people act logically from their assumptions. It 627 does not matter how inconsistent the ideas or insane 628 the rationale. They will act until that logic is fulfilled.

Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the

same destructive actions, find the assumptions and

631 you will find the cause.

schizophrenia.

worldviews.

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Christians love to thump their ESV, laying claim to the Declaration of the Independence and the Founding Fathers. They hold freedom of religion as a certainty. They love the prosperity that rational thought, logic, and industry produce. But they do not even have a blush of hypocrisy when they pound that same ESV to claim solidarity with Reformation orthodoxy. They will then rate John Calvin as the great reformer of Geneva. They will speak sagely, calling Jonathan Edwards their homeboy, not once realizing the philosophical

These

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are

mutually

exclusive

646 In the world of election and limited atonement, there is 647 such thing as self-appointment and 648 determination. There is no such thing as self-649 governance because you don't own you. In a world of 650 irresistible grace, there is no such thing as private 651 property, private possessions, or even personal 652 boundaries because whatever good you have is a 653 manifestation of God's grace. All grace is administered 654 by his stewards of grace. And in a world of 655 predestination, there is no right to inquire. And in a of predestination, there is 656 no human 657 sensibilities to be conservative. Your pain, your 658 suffering is irrelevant. Who are you, o man, to 659 challenge God, to inquire the things of God, the 660 mysteries of God? Your pain is what you should have. 661 In the metaphysical world of T.U.L.I.P., there is no real 662 justice. Everything is a great big fat sin before God 663 because the nature of man is utterly offensive to God. 664 If you happen to be a part of the group that gets 665 picked, it's all good. And if you don't, it sucks to be 666 you.

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The threat of damnation hangs over your head like the Sword of Damocles. Your sin violates God. So who are you to demand recompense for a violation of sins against you? How dare you speak justice? You don't own you. Or do you?

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This is the first choice. This is the fight within the ages. Who owns man? Father, in the name of Jesus, we must live in understanding. Never before has man

677 been defended. We defended you and we swatted our 678 own. But never have we defended man's right to live, 679 right to exist, right to live, right to prosperity, never 680 have we done this successfully. To throw off the 681 tyranny of the ages, Father, we need your wisdom and 682 understanding. We need to have the eyes of our 683 understanding opened, that our insides will be filled 684 with light. We ask these things in Jesus' name. Amen.

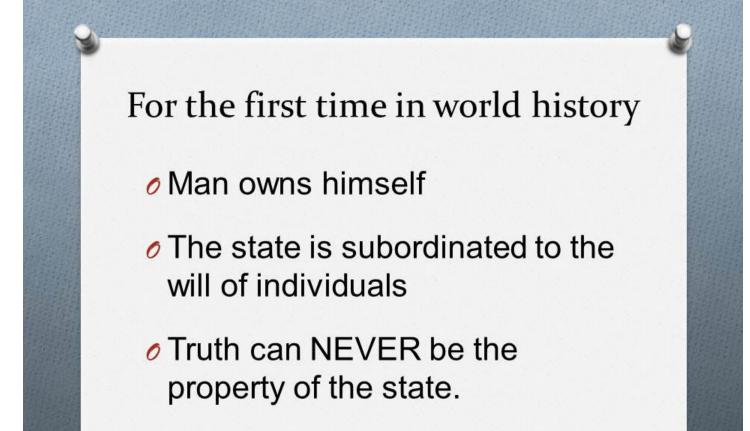
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688 [END OF TRANSCRIPT]









Foundational assumption

(determines) how effective Man is to understand his world

(defines) moral value

(prescribes) government force.

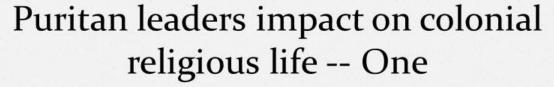
Calvin:

Pervasive Depravity has fully corrupted the whole of human existence .

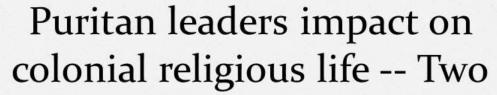
(determines) ALL GOOD is a product of God's specific sovereign action.

(defines) Man's life is predetermined in action and outcome.

(**prescribe**) an elect few who are divinely appointed to "shepherd" the flock in God's behalf.



- "Sinners in the hands of an angry God" is the lingering metaphysical worldview etched on the minds of men declaring God as a vindictive sovereign.
- Whatever God's benevolence might theoretically represent, ultimately, this worldview makes Him wrathful and damning; terror is the only appropriate reaction to divine awareness.
- Man's depravity requires authoritarian governance to stand between himself and his lascivious impulses.
- Pride in human ability is man's leading vice and the outworking of wretched deception.



- Salvation is the miracle of being approved access to Heaven. This otherworld utopia is granted or denied according to God's mysterious plan.
- The unintelligible nature of God's intentions—in the feeble minds of men—makes Him capricious and malicious to every failing of human existence.
- Men are pilgrims through this worldly realm, a hostile empire fraught with all manner of evil; Man is a depraved creature entirely ill-suited in the bewildering environs and specifically prone to sinful self-destruction.
- The boons of wealth and health are gifts. Therefore, man is merely a steward charged with a divine trust. The elect are then qualified to dispose of their brothers as the collective sees fit. Stewards of God's appointment rule those siblings granted to their control.

John Calvin (1509 – 64) Institutes of the Christian Religion: First Edition (1536)**John Owen** (1616 – 83) Puritan Migration to First English Civil War (1642-46). New England (1620 - 1640)Second English Civil War (1648-49) Third English Civil War (1649-51). Oliver Cromwell ruled as "Lord Protector" (1653-58)The Act of Uniformity 1662 **British Colonies** Salem Witch Trials between February 1692 and May 1693. Jonathan Edwards (1703 - 58)First Great Awakening, (1733 – 35)



John Locke (1632 – 1704), Enlightenment thinker David Hume (1711–1776) Enlightenment Thinker Adam Smith (1723 – 1790) Enlightenment Thinker

Benjamin Franklin (1706 - 1790) Enlightenment thinker **James Madison** (1751 – 1836) Enlightenment thinker **Thomas Jefferson** (1743–1826) Enlightenment thinker

Declaration of Independence (1776)

Memorial and Remonstrance Against Religious
Assessments James Madison 1785

United States Constitution adopted 1787

Owe the subscribers, citizens of the said Commonwealth, having taken into serious consideration, a Bill . . . establishing a provision for Teachers of the Christian Religion," and conceiving that the same if finally armed with the sanctions of a law, will be a dangerous abuse of power, are bound as faithful members of a free State to remonstrate against it, and to declare the reasons by which we are determined. We remonstrate against the said Bill,

1) Because we hold it for a fundamental and undeniable truth, "that religion or the duty which we owe to our Creator and the manner of discharging it, can be directed only by reason and conviction, not by force or violence."

2) Because ... The Rulers who are guilty of such an encroachment, exceed the commission from which they derive their authority, and are Tyrants. The People who submit to it are governed by laws made neither by themselves nor by an authority derived from them, and are slaves.

3) Because The free men of America did not wait till usurped power had strengthened itself by exercise, and entagled the question in precedents. They saw all the consequences in the principle, and they avoided the consequences by denying the principle.

We revere this lesson too much soon to forget it. Who does not see that the same authority which can establish Christianity, in exclusion of all other Religions, may establish with the same ease any particular sect of Christians, in exclusion of all other Sects?

7) Because experience witnesses that ecclesiastical establishments... during almost fifteen centuries has the legal establishment of Christianity been on trial. What have been its fruits? More or less in all places, pride and indolence in the Clergy, ignorance and servility in the laity, in both, superstition, bigotry and persecution.

8) Because ... What influence in fact have ecclesiastical establishments had on Civil Society? In some instances they have been seen to erect a spiritual tyranny on the ruins of the Civil authority; in many instances they have been seen upholding the thrones of political tyranny: in no instance have they been seen the guardians of the liberties of the people.

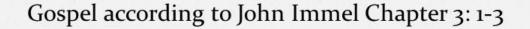
We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. — That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, — That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such



- Man is incompetent
- Man is morally guilty
- Man needs the force of government to compel him to GOOD action
- Government is an unquestionable manifestation of God's appointment
- God is wrathful and offers Man no "right" of existence.
- God appoints Man to a predetermine existence of suffering, and bondage.
- God's sovereignty appoints man to slavery.



- Man is competent to understand truth, because Truth is self evident.
- The equality of human creation endows all with the SAME rights—there is no "election" to specific privilege.
- Man has a right to life, liberty and happiness.
- Just government is a product of HUMAN consent.
- Truth is NOT the property of the state.
- The State is the servant of Man's defense



- 1) All people act logically from their assumptions.
- 2) It does not matter how inconsistent the ideas or insane the rationale, they will act until the logic is fulfilled.
- 3) Therefore, when you see masses of people taking the same destructive actions, find the assumptions and you will find the cause.

